THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

Port Almanac—October 26.

Sun Rises	6.16 A M
Sun Sets	5.11 P M
Day's Length	10 h 55 m
High Water at Southport	2 32 A M
High Water at Wilmington	4 19 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 26

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 57°; 8 p m, 65°; maximum, 75°; minimum, 48°; mean 69°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, .81.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; westerly winds; warmer in northwest portion.

OUTLINES

The formation of the Southern States Freight Association is expected to have a steadying effect on rates and create confidence in the South which has not existed for two or three years. —— A lumber mill and forty-four houses were destroyed by fire in Augusta, Georgia; loss $75 000 —— The drought has caused serious loss in some counties in Ohio; water is selling in some localities at twenty-five and forty cents a barrel. —— Fourteen cars on the Florida Central & Peninsula Railroad went through a burning trestle between Savannah Junction and Savannah river; two train men were slightly injured. —— The suffrage problem is under consideration in the South Carolina Constitutional Convention. —— Improvement in baling cotton was the subject of discussion at yesterday's session of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association; a cylindrical bale was strongly advocated. —— Corbett has determined to remain at Hot Springs until November 1st and see the matter out; Fitzsimmons manager says if the champion does not remain and meet Fitzsimmons he will proclaim him a coward and a cur. —— C. L. Dibrell, an official of the Southern Express Company at Chattanooga, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. —— The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad will run a schedule between Chicago and Los Angeles, Cal., a distance of 2,265 miles, in 74 hours, an average of 30.4 miles an hour for the entire distance. —— Some of Georgia's legislators were shocked by a dance given in the Midway at the Exposition. —— The Zeigler family, two of whom murdered Sheriff Brooker, of Screvin county, Ga., are entrenched at their house and defy arrest. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent. and closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8 13-16c; middling 8 9-16c; Southern flour quiet and firm—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3 80; wheat—spot was firmer and active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70⅜c; afloat 72⅝c; corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 39¼c; afloat 40¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28½@28¾c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.65@1.70.

The editor of a Georgia paper asks: "What must we do when we grow old." Get out of the way and give the young folks a chance.

It is said that Miss Vanderbilt is three inches taller than the Duke she is going to marry. But with some of our American girls a little Duke goes a long ways.

Socialist Kier Hardie in a speech in Chicago a few days ago advised the Socialists to "hang together." This isn't necessary. If a few of the leaders like Kier hung together it would do.

King Menelek, the Abyssinian, who was killed by a stroke of lightning boasted that he was a descendant of King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba, but the lightning didn't care a continental for that, and got him all the same.

A Maine woman writing to a patent medicine man says three bottles of his stuff made her "a new woman." Somebody ought to get out an injunction against that fellow's medicine shop at once. The new woman is increasing entirely too rapidly.

The reason why England doesn't want to arbitrate the Venezuela matter is, according to the St. James *Gazette*, because when England arbitrates she generally gets left. When England wants anything she generally wants all that is in sight.

Since the Wilson bill has gone into operation the production of black plates for tin making has increased 30 per cent. in this country. Under the McKinley tariff nearly all of our black plates were imported from Wales.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 30. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,889

Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky, says he can't support Hardin for Governor, because Hardin doesn't stand on the platform. As Cassius announced after he got laid out in the Convention, and Hardin walked his log, that he was "out of politics," no one imagined that he would pull off his coat for Hardin, or for any one but Cassius.

An Englishman who has some spare time and is fond of figuring estimates that the sun can't hold out as a heat supplier for more than 10,000,000 years. But there is no occasion to apprehend a sudden rise in coal on this account. By that time the electricians will have it down so fine that we can get along without old Sol.

The Governor of Minnesota wants a mid-continent exposition, to be held sometime in 1897 or '98, between Minneapolis and St. Paul, and has sent an invitation to the Western Governors and Mayors of principal cities to come to a convention to be held in Minneapolis, November 30, to put the ball in motion.

The Duke of Marlborough has come to the conclusion that there is a disposition in this country to "insult" him. This is his own fault. If he wore a tag announcing that he was not only a "juke," but the prospective son-in-law of an American millionaire, they might give him a wider swath.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUNTING—Licentiate in pharmacy wanted.

CRONLY & MORRIS—Real estate at auction.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Part of a gold medal.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Irene Freeman is in the city visiting friends.

— Capt. G. G. Lynch, train master for the A. C. L. at Florence, S. C., was in the city yesterday.

— The STAR was misinformed as to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hahn leaving for the Atlanta Exposition.

— Mr. H. D. Williamson, of Florence, S. C., who has been in the city visiting Mr. C. F. Brown, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. Mayland's two children are improving rapidly. They had the scarlet fever only in a mild form. Mr. Mayland will be out again in a few days.

— Messrs. H. L. Stevens, Warsaw; J. W. Smith, Elktown; J. A. Westbrook, Mount Olive; E. W. Kerr, T. C. Badham, Jno. D. Whitford, Newbern; K. C. Barrett, Florence, I. B. Ezell, Columbia, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Capt. Thos. B. Smyth, commander of the U. S. Revenue Cutter *Colfax*, who left here a month ago with his wife for a tour through the Northern and Western States, returned last night after spending a pleasant vacation taking in the sights and visiting friends and relatives.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—92 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 34 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 21 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—413 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 39 bbls rosin, 116 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—294 bales cotton, 3 cask spirits turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—10 casks spirits turpentine, 75 bbls rosin, 42 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—10 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls rosin, 155 bbls tar.

Schooner Nancy Ann—14 bales cotton, 15 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 838 bales; spirits turpentine, 60 casks; rosin, 152 bbls; tar, 348 bbls; crude turpentine, 34 bbls.

Loss in the Virginia Peanut Crop.

The Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette* gives the following extracts from the reports made by correspondents of a firm in Cincinnati in regard to the Virginia peanut crop, now being gathered: The first writes, September 30th: "It's dry as powder and the crop's gone, and I expect to see peanuts 5c." Another, on October 8th: "The crop will be varied; some fine, some only fair and mixed with blasted nuts. The crop will be near three-quarters of the average." Another, October 12th: "I have been out in the country several days, and after careful investigation am satisfied that a conservative estimate will not be over 50 per cent. to 60 per cent. of last year's crop, and the nuts will be light and chaffy."

A Sore Bereavement.

The sympathy of the community will be extended to the family of Mr. N. H. Quince, in the loss of their infant daughter Mildred, who died yesterday, suddenly, of a congestive chill, in the second year of her age. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of the family.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Rev. W. S. Rone's (Presiding Elder) appointment for to-morrow is at Elizabethtown.

— If the little bull-tailers ever had any "points" on cotton they lost 'em in the recent shuffle.

— The British steamer *Westgate*, from Galveston for Havre, put in at Southport late yesterday afternoon.

— St. John's Lodge No. 1, of Masons, had a grand time at their lodge room last night in conferring degrees, etc.

— A citizen writes the STAR that some uniform and established grade for laying sewer pipe should be fixed upon by the city authorities.

— The Sunday and Wednesday night services at Grace Methodist E. Church will hereafter and until further notice begin at half-past seven o'clock.

— The opponents of the Russell contingent may as well "hide their diminished heads." If they don't, Sutton will clip 'em off with his broadsword.

— The Norwegian barque *Argo* cleared yesterday for London, Eng., with cargo of 6,086 barrels rosin, shipped by Messrs. Murchison & Co. and valued at $8,888.

— The "bull" yearlings are now engaged in a frantic effort to pull themselves together, but they are so badly torn up that it takes about sixteen of 'em to get up one snort.

—The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted by Rev. A. D. McClure at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Seamen and rivermen specially invited. All welcome.

— For the Rockingham county Fair, at Reidsville, N. C., the C, F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell tickets at the rate of one first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale October 26 to November 1st. Rate from Wilmington, $6 60; Fayetteville, $3.90; Maxton, $5.10.

— There has been a tremendous drop in the cotton receipts at this port during the past few days. What is the matter? Are the farmers holding their cotton for higher prices, or are the exporters waiting for a decline? It must be the former, we are led to believe.

All on Account of the Drought.

New River oysters in market yesterday, and for some days past, were small and shrivelled, and not at all like the large plump bivalves that usually come to Wilmington from Onslow county; but the price remains the same—one dollar per gallon. Vendors said the dejected appearance of the oysters was owing to the drought.

Fresh water fishermen from Black river had a boat load of perch at Market dock yesterday. They said the fish in the small streams are ravenous and bite at the bare hook almost. All on account of the drought cutting off their food supply.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided at the session of the City Court yesterday.

Elvin Artis, colored, drunk and disorderly, was fined five dollars.

Enoch Height, a small colored boy, arrested for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk of South Front street, near the Market house, was discharged with a reprimand only, on account of his age, about nine years.

Martin Dixon, a white man arrested on suspicion, was discharged for want of evidence against him, but was ordered to leave the city by Saturday night, which he promised to do.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 823 bales; same day last year 3,189. Receipts for the week ended yesterday, 9,977 bales; same week last year, 19,898. Receipts September 1st, 1894, 64,160 bales; for same time last year, 84 224.

Spot cotton quiet in New York at 8 9-16c for middling; firm in Wilmington at 8¼c.

Stock at this port, 18,959 bales; last year at same date, 27,128.

New York futures closed firm and 25 and 26 points higher than closing quotations Thursday; sales 315,100.

The Maxton Fair.

The pushing Secretary of the Border Exposition has secured some of the attractions of the Raleigh Fair for the Maxton Fair, to be held Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week. Among these is "Noah's Ark," the great show of trained animals, which, of itself, will be worth a trip to the Fair. Last, but not least, Augustus Adolphus McNair, with his melodious guitair, will be right there, and will sing "The Cat Came Back."

Horse Stolen.

A medium-size bay horse, with white feet and blaze face, is reported to have been stolen Thursday night last from the stable of Mr. W. F. Alexander on Middle Sound, about eight miles from Wilmington. The horse was traced to this city and is supposed to have crossed the river at the Market street ferry, as an animal of the description given above, driven to a road cart, was taken across at six o'clock a. m.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Sixth Annual Fair.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 30th and 31st and Nov. 1st. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOHAD OF ALDERMEN.

A Called Meeting Held Last Night—Various Matters Discussed and Disposed Of.

The Board of Aldermen met last night in called session, Mayor Fishblate, Aldermen Maunder, Springer, Northrop, Hicks, Harriss, Cameron, VonGlahn, Gore and Walker were present.

Alderman Northrop, of the Market Committee, reported that stalls had been rented.

Alderman Gore, of the Light Committee, reported that complaints had been made of bad management in furnishing lights, but no attention had been paid to them.

Alderman Cameron said he would like to eave the lamps on Dry Pond whitewashed, so people would not run into them at night.

Alderman Northrop moved that a gas light be placed in front of the First Presbyterian Church, and Alderman Harriss moved that one be placed on Third and Church streets. Carried.

Alderman Walker moved that an oil lamp be placed on Fifth and Hanover streets. Carried.

Alderman Harriss, of the Sanitary Committee, reported progress; and for the Streets and Wharves Committee, that extensive improvements on Front, and on Nun between Third and Front streets, were being made, and that on account of the bad condition of Sixth street bridge they had closed it.

Alderman Springer asked about the appropriations, and spoke in favor of street improvement on Third street, to begin at Red Cross and go toward Castle, instead of beginning at Castle and going toward Red Cross, and made a motion to that effect.

Aldermen Northrop, Harriss, Cameron and Von Glahn spoke in favor of their wards.

Alderman Springer said the Second Ward should have something, as it had had nothing done for several years.

The vote resulted as follows: Ayes—Springer, Maunder, Gore and VonGlahn. Noes—Northrop, Hicks, Harriss, Cameron and Walker. Lost—5 to 4.

Alderman Springer asked that the Street and Wharves Committee only shell one side of Third street, so as to carry the work through to Red Cross, which was assured him.

Upon motion of Alderman Walker, a brick sidewalk will be placed in front of Ebenezer Baptist Church on Seventh and Orange streets.

Alderman VonGlahn, of the Fire Committee, reported the bad condition of the Cape Fear Engine Company's house, and recommended that something be done, as it was liable to fall down in a storm. The committee intend to build a house in the Fifth Ward with the first available funds.

Alderman Maunder, of the Hospital Committee, reported everything in this department in first class order.

Alderman Hicks, of the Ordinance Committee, said he had several ordinances to offer, all which were passed, as follows:

Ordinance compelling cyclists to have lights attached to bicycles when riding between dark and sunrise. Fine for violation $5 or ten days' imprisonment.

To annul the ordinance not allowing the Chief of the Fire Department to go faster than a trot, and allow him to go as fast as practicable, as it was necessary, and in case of a false alarm would save reels and engines.

In the matter of erection of two wooden buildings on Water and Mulberry streets, within the fire limits, by Charles Wessell and J. M. Forshee, neither having obtained legal permission, the Chief of Police was directed to enforce the ordinance.

On motion, the Chief of Police was instructed to have the house on Dock street, at the corner of Front, built by peddlers, removed at once.

The Streets and Wharves Committee reported progress in regard to the trouble between the city and the Street Railway Company in the matter of wires coming in contact with the fire-alarm wires and burning out boxes.

Alderman Springer handed in a petition signed by a number of residents on Mulberry street, asking that the name of the street be changed to Grace street.

Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., who was present, was granted permission to speak, and said this name, Mulberry, had been in use for over 160 years and it would effect titles and cause considerable disorder if it was changed to "Grace," and that the name of a street should never be changed.

Alderman Maunder said he was a property owner on Mulberry street and saw no reason why the name should not be changed, and called for the question, which passed.

Alderman Harriss offered an ordinance prohibiting the sale of second-hand clothing in this city, which was passed as recommended by the Sanitary Committee.

Col. Walker Taylor appeared before the Board, asking that the city pay a bill of $38 made in the entertainment of the *Amphitrite* officers who visited the city last Summer. It was referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Springer then gave Treasurer Rice a bill which had been handed him by Mr. M. Cronly with letter attached, showing that it had cost him $279 to have clerks fix up the tax levy books, not counting his work, and that the lowest bidder was $375 to do this work. The cause of this trouble was the delay in getting figures, &c., and asking them for proper compensation. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee to report back to the Board.

Messrs. Powell & Co's long petition was read, asking for the privilege to remain in Front street market as a stallholder and to build or open a butcher's establishment between Front and Third streets and between Dock and Chesnut streets, signed by a large number of citizens and pointing facts why they should be allowed to do this. Another petition with prominent business men and a majority of the doctors, was also read, followed by a counteracting petition from the butchers and their friends. Nearly all the butchers were present, and Alderman Harriss favoring allowing Powell & Co., or the Armour Packing Co., to open a place of business, and Aldermen Hicks, Springer, Von Glahn and Cameron bitterly opposing it.

Messrs. H. McClammy and Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., appeared in behalf of Powell & Co., making strong arguments, who called on Dr. Burbank to give statement of physicians and his own opinion as to the filthy condition and danger of disease germs which emenated in a market house like Wilmington's.

Mr. E. K. Bryan replied, and a vote was taken on Mr. Springer's motion that the petition not be granted, which was carried by a vote of 8 to 1, Alderman Harriss voting no.

Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., called attention to fixing up the road which leads to Harnett township, which was referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee.

Alderman Northrop called the Board's attention to a matter which had been carried over some time—that of Mrs. Darby's property which had been damaged by the Street Railway Company cutting down trees to run its track.

City Attorney Sutton gave his opinion that the city was responsible and the railroad company was liable to the city. The Board ordered that $500 be appropriated to repair damages, and the street railway be notified to fix it, or the city would charge the same.

Mr. Wm. Sheehan's communication was read, stating that the Chief of Police had rented his horse and buggy to capture an escaped criminal and that the horse was over driven and left in the country. The animal cost $99, and he was now only offered $10 for him on account of the hard driving foundering him, and he made a claim against the city for $40. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Upon motion of Alderman VonGlahn, the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm was ordered to send in monthly reports.

Alderman Northrop resigned the position of chairman of the Market Committee.

The Board at 11.45 o'clock adjourned.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT THE STATE FAIR.

Children's Day—Street Car Collision—Crusade Against Dancers on the Midway—Populists and the Fusion Question—Buck Kitchin's Case in the Superior Court—The Railroad Commission to Regulate Charges of Telephone Exchanges.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 25.

The Kitchen case will come up in the Superior Court to-day. Court has not been in session for the past few days. Fair week seems to have demoralized it.

Editor Ayer tells me that in a few days it will be known whether the Populists favor fusion both on the State and also the electoral ticket. Mr. Ayer says their plan of action is to write to every county chairman, who in turn writes to every township chairman. The township chairmen are supposed to consult the people of their vicinity. In this way the Populists say they will find out how their people stand. This is one of the things that was agreed upon at the Executive Committee's meeting.

The crusade against the "Hootchey-Kootchey" dancers on the Midway began last night at the meeting of the Agricultural Society, but not until they had reaped a harvest from the "innocent gulls." Mr. W. B. Broughton was the first man to wage war. It was decided to exclude the dancing women to-day.

This is Children's day at the Fair and it is expected that a large crowd will be on hand. Yesterday the crowd was just immense. The weather was threatening this morning, but a nice little sprinkle of rain came which just laid the dust.

Mr. L. Banks Holt and Col. John S. Cunningham declined the nominations for presidency of the society at the meeting last evening.

The trotting race for the 2.25 class is undecided. Clipper, Mosquito and Kitty B each won two heats. The race will be completed to-day.

Two crowded electric cars collided yesterday and about 150 people came together. There was a slight crash, but no damage.

Mrs. Teague, of Burlington, broke her arm in jumping from the car. Timely forethought on the part of the motormen saved many lives.

It is reported, but not generally believed, that Senator E. S. Abell, of Johnston county, has joined the Populists.

The Railroad Commission has called on all the telephone exchanges in the State requesting their rates for the rental of 'phones. They take this step with a view of equalizing the rates and reducing the same.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Kitchen's case, contesting for the Penitentiary directorship, occupied to-day's session of the court. Senator Dowd, of Mecklenburg, was the only witness examined. He testified that to the best of his knowledge no bills were ratified at the morning session the day the bill is said to have passed. Much of the day was occupied by counsel arguing law technicalities.

The office of local freight agent has been created by the Southern Railway. John B. Munson, former chief clerk to Col. Turk, has been appointed to the position, with headquarters here.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

THE COTTON OUTLOOK.

LIQUIDATION OF "LONG" COTTON PLACES THE MARKET IN A BETTER POSITION.

Reports of the Yield Are as Discouraging as Ever—The Crop May Now be Expected to Move Into the Channels of Consumption Freely.

When the cotton market closed yesterday afternoon, says the Augusta *Chronicle* of the 28d, something like normal conditions had been restored. There was a general feeling that the flurry was over, and that the enormous liquidation resulting from the protracted bull campaign of the past few months had been completed. No one had the faintest idea to what extent the speculation in cotton had extended until the flurry brought about the sudden unloading of the "long" cotton accumulated during the upward movement. The extent of the liquidation surpassed all past records, it being safe to say that the cotton trade never before experienced two such days of excitement as Saturday and Monday.

A very favorable feature of yesterday's market was the fact that Liverpool, notwithstanding frequent and sharp fluctuations, finally closed within a few points of the figures current on the preceding day. This appears to indicate that Liverpool is disposed to accept present prices as low enough, and, as the spot sales in that market increased to 10,000 bales, spinners are apparently willing to go on at the present basis.

The vast weight of "long" cotton having been liquidated, the market is now in a better position to feel the full influence of the actual statistical position. Notwithstanding the collapse of the bull movement, reports from the interior respecting the yield of the crop continue as discouraging as ever, and the movement is also beginning to bear out the short crop predictions. The present fine weather certainly affords every inducement to producers to ship their cotton, and although prices have declined three-fourths of a cent per pound from the high level of a week ago, current prices still offer a good profit to the producer.

Now that the speculative excitement has subsided, the work of marketing the crop will no doubt go forward in earnest. The late flurry is not likely to have done any material damage to business in the South, particularly as the ultimate result is not likely to be the maintenance of a much more stable and permanent range of prices, and, assuming that the reaction of yesterday means a return to normal values, that range of values will still be one which insures a good profit to cotton producers, and through them to the merchants of the South.

When one reflects that the recent high price for cotton was reached after a steady advance of more than 4c per pound, lasting through seven months, it is not surprising that the advance should have culminated in just such a way as it did. All the people who had bought cotton had to liquidate at one time or another, and having all determined to sell out at the same time, the extraordinary experience of the past few days was but the natural result. The storm has thoroughly cleared the atmosphere, however, and, no longer hampered with a top-heavy bull interest, the crop may be expected to move into channels of consumption freely. Spinners must have made up their minds that they will not be able to purchase cotton cheap this season, and, as the recent panic has produced about all of the reaction that is to be expected, they will now no doubt come into the market freely.

The Churches.

There will be no divine services in St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Brooklyn, Sunday, October 27th, as the pastor, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, will be absent preaching in Newbern that day. Sunday School will be held as usual at 4.30 p. m.

Market Street Methodist E. Church (the little Church around the corner), near the corner of Market and Ninth streets, Rev. M. T. Plyler, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Class meeting at 7 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services at 11.00 a m and 8 p m. Sunday School at 9.30 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Mulberry and Fourth streets, Rev. W. C. Norman, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 7.30 p m. Young peoples meeting at 10.15 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

First Baptist Church, corner of Fifth and Market streets, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. by Rev. C. P. Meeks, Congregational Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8.00 o'clock. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Strangers and visitors cordially invited to all services.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. R. E. Peele, pastor. Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sabbath school at 4 p. m. Weekly prayer and praise meeting every Thursday evening at 8.00; seats free. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers and visitors.

Rev. Dr. Hoge will preach in the First Presbyterian Church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday School in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. Service at night at 8 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt pastor. German service at 11 a. m. English service at 7.30 p m. Sunday School at 3 p m.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

DIED.

QUINCE—At the family residence in this city, on October 25, MILDRED, aged one year and eight months, youngest daughter of N. H. and Olivia Quince.

Funeral from the house this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All-Around Printer.

A FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER COMPOSITOR, who has also had sufficient experience as a Job Printer to make himself useful in that capacity, may secure employment at the STAR Office. Would be engaged on newspaper greater part of time.

Apply at, or address, STAR OFFICE,
oct 18 3t nac Wilmington, N. C.

Drug Stock at Cost.

In order to close out my business I will sell everything at actual cost.

Geo. L. Harman,
Druggist and Pharmacist,
No. 128 South Front St.,
oct 25 1m VonKampen Block.

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods Cheese, &c., which I offer at lowest prices. B. F. KEITH,
oct 6 tf 188 and 190 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer.
By CRONLY & MORRIS.

NO INVESTMENT AS SAFE AS **REAL ESTATE.**

On Wednesday, November 13, 1895,

Commencing at 11 a. m., we will sell by public auction, at our sales rooms 120 Princess street, and continue until all is disposed of all of the

Real Estate
belonging to the
First National Bank.

Said sale to be under the inspection and the direction of Mr. A. G. Ricaud as Receiver, and subject to the approval of the Court—that is to say, all of the pieces, parcels or lots of Land lying, situate and being on Blocks Nos. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 22, 32, 47, 48, 105, 308, 326, 396, 510, 523, 540, 541, 542, and entire squares Nos. 24, 25, 27, 28, 526, 528, 531, 532, 576, 577, 578.

We have at our office the Block Books of L. C. Turner, James & Brown and the last edition of that of New Hanover county, and can show and describe any of the above Lots, and it will afford us pleasure and satisfaction so to do.

oct 25 6t 25 27 30 Nov. 1 5 10

WANTED

Licentiate in Pharmacy,

N. C. Certificate.

Must be strictly temperate, honest, industrious and of good address.

Apply to

J. HICKS BUNTING,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
oct 26 1t

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices,

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,
Old Stand of Giles & Murchison,
Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oct 25 tf

Children's Shoes

Are a prominent item of expense in every family. It behooves every parent to buy to the best advantage. We make a specialty of

Children's Shoes,

which we are selling at prices that speak for themselves. We have just received a handsome lot of

Children's School Shoes.

Something that you'll find "a 1" for wear. If you want a pair of Shoes for your little son try a pair of our youth Cordovan Lace Shoes at $1.50. For wear there are none better. Our new line of Spring Heel Solar Tip School Shoes for Boys and Girls are just the thing needed. Don't fail to see this Shoe before purchasing. You'll find them regular money savers.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
oct 20 tf

For Rent.

House ten rooms corner Fifth and Mulberry streets. Fourteen rooms on North Front street. Has complete Water Works. Twelve rooms over the Singer Sewing Machine Store on Market street. Water Works on premises. All suitable for Boarding Houses. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
oct 24 3t Real Estate Agent.

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Judicious Buyers

Your attention is called to our immense line of

DRESS GOODS.

The patterns are all of new designs and colorings. We are positive that these goods are better than those usually brought to this market, and the price, why that's left to your judgment.

READ THESE ITEMS.

Fancy Mohair, 40-inch, black, 50c yd.
All-Wool Novelties 45c yard.
Shirt Waist Silks $1.00 yard.
Brocade Rahadamus 85c to $2 yard.
All-Wool Cloaking 37½c yard.

Special

FOR ONE WEEK—Beginning Monday, we will make, lay and furnish paper for every CARPET sold

FREE OF COST.

Cloaks and Carpets,

THIRD FLOOR.

Linens.

The largest stock we have ever carried. The prettiest patterns in

Table Damask,

Napkins and Doylies.

The largest and best German HACK TOWEL to be found in the city for 20c each; only 100 left.

The Onyx and Smith & Angell's

Black Hosiery.

RICHARD HUDNUT'S

Toilet Requisites

Yankee Notions
of every description.

Cluze Patent Thumb KID GLOVE,

Foster's New Street KID GLOVE.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK!

No. 29 North Front St.
oct 20 tf

Well Pleased!

Every one of our customers are well pleased with our special prices.

Bargains in Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Cloaks and Capes.

Try us and see if we cannot save you money.
'Phone 118.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
Next Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.
oct 20 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper n North Carolina, is published daily excep Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 25, 1895

THE VITAL ISSUE.

Disguise it as some of the political leaders may desire and endeavor to do, the great question before the American people to day is the money question. It is a question, too, in which not only the people of the United States are concerned, but the people of the civilized world, for there is not a country in the world where silver was demonetized which has not suffered and is not suffering by it. As the protective tariff was for years, for nearly a generation, a contest between the many and the few, in which the many were deluded into supporting a policy detrimental to them and beneficial to the few only, so the money question is really a question between the many and the few, in which the effort is being made to delude the many into the support of financial systems which will be not only detrimental but ruinous to them and accrue to the benefit of the few only who control the money of the world.

The nearer we get to the absolute gold standard the less the volume of money becomes, and the easier it is for the money monarchs to control the money supply. There are about $3,000,000,000 of gold coin in the world, the most of which is locked up in Government and bank vaults, not counting what may be hoarded and hidden by individuals. The gold that is supposed to be available for business transactions could be cornered and controlled inside of forty-eight hours by less than a half dozen men. We had an illustration of this when the Secretary of the Treasury issued the bonds for the last $50,000,000 gold loan. He found the gold so hard to get that he had to put himself in the hands of a syndicate and pay it a large bonus to do what this Government of 65,000,000 of people, with its $65,000,000,000 of alleged wealth couldn't do, that is, raise $50,000,000 worth of gold. It is said that the Rothschilds could if they so determined control one half the gold in the world. The Rothschilds and less than a dozen men could practically control it all and have both the Governments of Christendom and the commerce of the world in their power.

According to statistics the wealth of nations is increasing and the fortunes of the rich are growing rapidly, but there is not a country in the world where silver has been demonetized that there is not complaint of suffering among the masses and in which the followers of industrial callings are not suffering from the effects of that demonetization. Of all these countries France suffers the least, because France is an exceptional nation, which has managed her financial methods with a wisdom made the more conspicious by the lack of it in other nations. There is no financial agitation in France, for there is no need of it. There the people have gold, silver and paper, and the parity between them is preserved because neither the people nor the Government discriminates against either, nor do they pull one down to add to the value of the other.

With the people of this country it is not simply whether silver shall be coined at a ratio of 16 to 1, more or less, but whether silver shall continue to be a part of our money or whether it shall be relegated to the "junk" pile and gold only remain. That is really *the* issue, for that is the issue that the gold monometallists are forcing upon the people. They would cease the coinage of silver, they would retire the Government paper money, and put us absolutely on a gold basis, preserving the subsidiary only silvery because it is necessary and to keep up the semblance of bimetallism.

Talk about overproduction may be well enough in its way; there doubtless has been overproduction of some things estimated by the world's capacity to buy, but the overproduction has not extended to all the products of the earth nor has it been annual or universal. The depreciation in prices which began twenty-odd years ago cannot be accounted for on the theory of overproduction alone. There has been no overproduction of land, and yet in some of the States of this Union, and some of the apparently most prosperous States, too, there has been within the past ten years a decline of from 25 to 50 per cent. in the selling price of farming lands. It is so in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio. Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and other States, including in the list some of the best agricultural States in the country, and some with the largest cities, best markets, and good transportation facilities both by land and water. In such States if there be prosperity the farmer should certainly enjoy a portion of it and his lands instead of being at a discount ought to be in demand.

Under these circumstances is it strange that there is a demand for more money and for the restoration of the full money function to silver? Is it strange that this sentiment should be overwhelmingly predominant among the farmers who are suffering so much from the demonetization of silver? Depreciated land, depreciated farm products year after year with little or no prospect of improvement are not calculated to inspire enthusiasm among the masses, and especially among the farmers, for the gold system on which our finances have been run since the conspiracy against silver succeeded.

MINOR MENTION.

England seems to be feeling her way in the Venezuela business, and endeavoring to enlist the co operation of other European powers before she sends that so-called ultimatum to the Venezuelan Government. There is more or less British bluster, of course, but that is British style, and doesn't amount to much. The men who manage affairs over there have come to understand that in the American interpretation the Monroe doctrine does really mean something, and that the sentiment of the people of this country is for standing by it according to our and not English construction. There is a good deal of activity in completing our war vessels under way, and the bringing of our war ships within easy reach, where they could be concentrated on short notice at the desired points is suggestive to Englishmen who keep their eye on American movements and understand American sentiment, and they have about come to the conclusion that this is not all mere parade. The disputed territory on the borders of Venezuela embraces some thirty odd thousand square miles, but aside from its value as an agricultural and mineral region, the British claimant has extended the line so as to embrace the mouth of the Orinoco river, one of the most important rivers in that region, navigable for four hundred miles and the recipient of numerous navigable tributaries. This makes its possession a matter of vast importance both from a military and commercial standpoint. Venezuela contains a population of a little over 2,000,000, and if her people are as spirited as they are represented to be they will not surrender the territory to Great Britain or any power without a determined struggle, especially when there is good reason to expect pretty strong backing. If she can put an army of 100,000 men in the field, as it is said she can, with the co-operation of U. S. warships to protect her sea ports, she could make the proceedings very animated and interesting for John Bull. And then there are complications in the far East and in Africa that would make England go very slow in putting her foot in deep in Venezuela.

* * *

Tin-making in this country is one of the much cherished industries which was, according to the protectionists to be ruined by the reduction in the tariff. How it has been ruined is shown by the following, gathered from the report of Special Treasury Agent Ayer, covering the industry in the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895:

"The facts presented show a marked increase in the number of mills for rolling the steel sheets, or "black plates," which form the body of commercial and terne plates, terne plates being plates which are coated with a mixture of tin and lead, and which are generally used for roofing purposes.

"The largely increased consumption of steel sheets from American rolling mills indicates not only the accelerated growth of this branch of the industry, but an actual preference for American rolled sheets, both for coating and for the uses to which the finished plates are applied.

"The production of commercial tin and terne plates showed an increase of 89 per cent., and of the production there was 21 per cent increase in the amount made from sheets rolled in the United States.

"There was an increase of 81,258,467 pounds in the quantity of sheets used of American manufacture, and 20 per cent. increase in the number of firms producing.

"The quantity of American sheet iron and steel made by stamping of other manufacturing firms into articles and wares which were afterward tinned was increased by 17,077 pounds.

"There was an increase of 78 in the number of rolling mills for rolling black plates, making the tatal 144."

* * *

The gathering of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association at Atlanta would be at any time an event of importance, but is especially so at this time when there is such a fine opportunity to see not only what the South is doing in the cotton manufacturing industry but in other industries as well. They will there also see centered some of the many resources of this section, and learn much that it would ordinarily take weeks of travel and observation to learn. In addition to this they will there meet many of the reperesentative men and manufacturers of the South. There are about two hundred and forty New England manufacturers in the party and the presumption is that in the number are many of the leading spirits of that industry in New England who have come South not on a mere frolic but to see the South's display of her resources and efforts, and to learn something more than they knew about this part of the country. It is reasonable to suppose that the interest that New England manufacturers have lately shown in the South as a cotton manufacturing section will be stimulated by this visit and it is not unlikely that it will lead to some important investments.

Antarctica is the name they propose to give the country inside of the belt of ice surrounding the South Pole. It is estimated that there are 4,000,000 of square miles and volcanoes 15,000 feet high. The Australians are taking a good deal of interest in explorations in that region. Thus far while they have some rocks that have been picked up there are no indications of gold. If there were reason to believe there was gold there the Britons would get through those ice barriers or bust.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Senator Sherman seems to have set all the managing statesmen of the Republican party into a fever of denial. The old fellow has touched a great many sore places with the point of his pen.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— Mrs. Rover, the famous cook and lecturer, says that a soft boiled egg, eaten by a patient recovering from typhoid fever, will bring on a relapse every time. A friend of ours, who has a specific for cancer, zymotic fevers, and other ills that flesh is heir to, says that cinnamon tea is the best curative for typhoid fever. The very best thing is to avoid that fever by not partaking of impure milk, water or ice. But, if you get it, you might try cinnamon tea. It cannot hurt you and may save your life.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— As the British and the Venezuelans are thus left glaring defiance at each other on the Cuyuni river, with the assured certainty that the weaker is going to be punished, whether justly or simply because he is the weaker, the American people are beginning to ask each other what has become of the "Monroe doctrine," and whether the present United States government is doing, or is going to do, anything to have its principle recognized and enforced. If the Monroe doctrine be not enforced now the American people and the government of the United States should cease talking about it.—*New Orleans Times, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— A beggar stopped a lady on the steps of a church. "Kind lady, have you not a pair of old shoes to give me?"

"No, I have not; besides, those you are now wearing seem to be brand new."

"That's just it, ma'am—they spoil my busines."—*La Reforma.*

— He—But your father isn't literary and doesn't know a good thing when he sees it.

She—Just the same, he can write forty checks that will be accepted and you can't write one. The bank knows a good thing when it sees it even if he doesn't.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "These cut prices in medicine are a great comfort to me," remarked old Mrs. Gummey, "I never felt as though I could really afford to be sick as long as I had to pay a whole dollar for a single bottle of patent medicine; now that I can get them for 73 cents it makes a big difference."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Mr. Younghubbe—Don't you think, my dear, that you cook twice as much as we need?

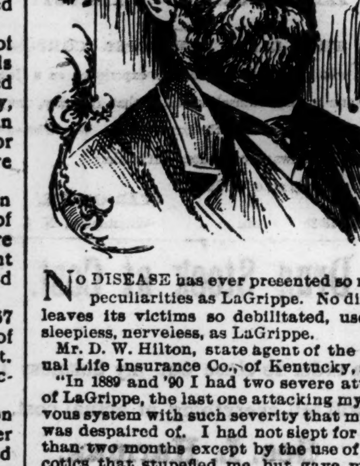
Mrs. Younghubbe (artlessly)—I did it on purpose, darling. I want to try some of those "Hints for Housekeepers—How to Make Dainty Dishes from What Was Left over from Yesterday."—*Detroit Suu.*

—Mrs. Slimson (severely)—"While this lady complains that you have been fighting with her little boy, and wants you to promise never to do so again."

Willie (to lady)—You needn't be afraid, ma'am. Your boy will keep out of may way after this."—*Harper's Bazar.*

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.



NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 ly sa tu th change.

All forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much **Pain** are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It **Goes** without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave **When** PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by **Pain-Killer**

Accept no substitutes or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity). Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer **Comes.**

June 8 sa fr we

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Columbus *News*: We are pained to chronicle the death of Mr. J. W. Lynn, which occured at her home near here Monday evening.

— Fayetteville *Observer*. Mrs. Mary Ann Hardie, daughter of the late Sheriff Hardie, died at her residence on Ramsey street in this city early on Friday morning last.

—Newbern *Journal*: Mrs. Edward Rawls, of Arapahoe, was taken sick Saturday, October 19th, and died in ten minutes after the attack began. Mr. Rawl's mother died a few weeks ago; his infant child died only three weeks ago, and now his wife dies

— Salisbury *World*: Speaking of big things, Mr. Rufus Rogers, living near China Grove, has raised the biggest sweet potato of the season. It measured 24 by 27 inches and weighed ten pounds and one ounce.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: In jail to-day rests John Bruce, a colored man who works at the Southern freight depot. He is held without bail on the charge of most brutally assaulting Mary Howell, also colored. The woman was struck in the face with some weapon, yet unknown, and so badly injured that one of her eyes had to be removed; it is feared that she may also lose the other eye.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mr. Ellison Broom, of Goose Creek township, has just gathered his thirty-first crop made with a mule that has lived to the ripe old age of forty-one years. —— The corn crop is now being gathered, and while the crop was damaged to some extent by the drought, there will be an abundant corn crop in Union county. There is a great deal of old corn in the county now, more than ever has been at this season in its history. Farmers say that corn is unusually sound. It is a rare thing to find a rotten ear.

— Monroe *Journal*: There is evidently no inclination among farmers to sell cotton for less than 9 cents. There has been scarcely any on the market this week. —— We are informed that Mr. A. J. Stack, of Buford township, has what must be the brag cow of the county, it giving six gallons of milk per day, from which two pounds of butter are made daily. —— Forest fires have been very dangerous during the excessive dry weather. Several have caught from the railroad. There was one Sunday on the south side of the G., C. & N., about four miles from town. Extensive fires in Goose Creek township destroyed several hundred acres of woodland. It originated from the fire of 'possum hunters.

NOVEL READING.

An Excessive Amount of It Is Declared to Militate Against Marriage.

A writer in a monthly review, discussing Mr. Balfour's "Foundations of Belief," takes occasion to say that solid books, dealing with the great problems of mind and morals, are no longer read except by a few specialists. That an exclusive diet of novel reading is extremely debilitating is proved by one series of facts which are observable in every part of the civilized world. Men and women among the reading classes no longer marry in anything like such numbers as they formerly did, and the reason is that they have no pluck in them to face lives of Spartan simplicity on limited incomes.

The result is disastrous to women, inasmuch as it prevents many of them ever marrying at all. For if a woman does not marry when she is young very few men care to marry her when she is middle aged. Men marry in middle life, but they do not marry women of their own age. They marry young women. The physiological moral is that it would be vastly better for both men and women to read novels for recreation only, and when at work to read solid books which really exercise and develop the brain. In practice the result of this would be that both men and women would have better and stronger brains. They would marry earlier and with more courage. They would face the world more hopefully and successfully, and they would become the parents of wholesomer, healthier, happier and more capable children.—English Paper.

By Different Names.

One of the foreign diplomats in Washington, who is seldom called by his right name, is Senor Antonio Lazo-Arriaga. He is generally referred to as Minister Arriaga, which is his mother's name, his own name being Antonio Lazo. "In Central America," he says in explaining the matter, "where a son bears his father's Christian name he adds his mother's family name, in order that a proper distinction may be observed between his sire and himself. For example: My father's name is Antonio Lazo. I also was named Antonio, and in order that I should not be confounded with my father I added my mother's family name, which is Arriaga. My eldest son is also named Antonio, and in order that he may be distinguished from his grandfather and myself, he will add his mother's—that is, my wife's—family name, which is Morales. Thus the three generations in my family, all Lazos, will be Antonio Lazo, Antonio Lazo-Arriaga and Antonio Lazo - Morales."—New York Tribune.

Information From a Man.

The bloomer dress is a pair of trousers, very baggy at the knees, abnormally full at the pistol pockets and considerably full where you strike a match.

The garment is cut decollete at the south end and the bottoms tied around the ankles or knees to keep the mice out.

You can't put it over your head like you do your shirt, nor around you like a corset, but you must sit on the floor and pull it on just as you do your stockings, one foot at a time in each compartment.

You can easily tell the right side to have in front by the buttons on the neckband.—Rehoboth Herald.

"SEVEN BELLS."

It was dismal enough to be on the graveyard shift, he thought, without being put to drill single handed in the somber depths of "dead work." The shift had been changed that day, and it shrugged its 60 shoulders in sympathetic measure when the boss took him into the clammy quiet of the deserted drift.

Sixty staring eyes watched the rising and the falling of the twin lights, lost one moment behind the body of the boss or the miner, then again that wan glow ebbing upon the murky walls a strange yellow tide. The footfalls came back to the group like muffled hammer taps, not a sharp, decided rap like that of steel eating its powder tomb into the rock, but a prolonged boom! boom! multiplied into counter echoes until it reached 60 ears as the dull clamor of waves in a sea cave. A distant angle shut off the pallid lights. For a moment the ebbing tide was reflected upon the walls behind; then darkness. No one of the shift spoke. The dripping moisture spattered loudly about them.

"Eleven twenty," said a hollow voice.

"Long time before tally," some one replied.

"Tell Pippin we've started for the No. 6 breast."

Several of the men moved on down the incline. Their lights were brighter and moved more briskly than those just missed in the vague atmosphere of the deserted drift. The tones of the boys came back in broken syllables and now and then a gibing laugh. The resonant baritone of one was giving to the gnome echoes:

> Maid of Athens, ere we part,
> Give, oh, give me back my heart!

My heart—heart—art—was dashed wildly from wall to wall, shrinking until it was mere smothered merriment to the 20 ears that listened for the shift boss to put them at their work.

Several pipes were lighted, bringing into life from the uncertain candle glow strong, interesting faces and stealing away the suspicions of ancient gloom that had clothed the indistinct figures just before.

"Going to shake your hoof tomorrow night, Bill?"

"I'm hoodooed on that if I don't lay off," was the reply.

"This 'ere graveyard deal is a terror," interrupted a deep bass.

"Tell the boss I got cold and went on into the hole," called a gawky being, detaching itself from the crowd and beginning the descent. "Might as well keep from freezing to death."

"Say, Mike, tell Pip we quiet shift early."

"Say, Mike, tell the old man Christmas' coming."

"Say, Mike, tell Pip that the breast of No. 2 ain't going into the mountain by itself."

"Say, Mike, tell Pip them Cousin Jacks down there'll do him if he don't git a move on."

"Say, Mike, tell the old man not to git playing too high a hand with that bad air in the old drift."

Every message from the chain of fire dots was followed by peals of laughter which became a mass of underground jargon, disturbed now and then by a weird scream from below.

The big Irish "trammer" was alone. The very earth was slumbering now. Not a human inkling came from the silent drifts.

The patter of the underground rain was ceaseless, small drops and larger ones keeping perfect harmony in their monotonous music.

The big trammer's watch joined the miserere like a leader with remorseless baton, measuring off the time of the wild orchestration until eternity. Through infinite ages of rock there came, with a shock, the faint regular tap of the hammer, like the chiseling of the surgeon's instruments into poor, bruised bones. It put the teeth upon edge and sent a shudder through the solitary trammer. All of this maddening regularity of sound was like the pulse throb of creation.

The trammer could not shake off the oppression borne in upon him by the joke of the last man, "Tell the boss not to git playing too high a hand with that bad air in the old drift."

The "creeps" came from the stolid face of the hanging wall and seized him until he shivered. Drops stood out upon his forehead like those upon the wall against which he leaned, dizzy and trembling.

"Something's got me," he whispered hoarsely, and the sound rasped in the stope above and fell about him again in an inhuman sigh. There was something ghastly in this feeling. He could only listen, listen, motionless, helpless. A vague jar shook the "workings" almost imperceptibly, the strained ear caught a solemn boom and some seconds later a belch of foul air from the deserted drift puffed out his light, startling him from his stifling lethargy. Hurriedly lighting the candle, he jerked out his watch.

Twelve fifty. The boss had been absent an hour in the deserted drift. The blast—the air filled with lurking death that had come hundreds of feet to him—the horror that awaited them at the breast of the dead work. It all dazed him like the beautiful sun when he came out of earth into the dawn. He sprang to the bell rope, and swaying his whole weight upon it counted the pulls which rang out seven loud peals in the engine room upon the surface.

Seven bells, the most terrible warning in all the sharp category of mine signals. Harsh, insistent they clanged, shrill and quivering were the seven shrieks from the tally whistle, alarming the camp.

The graveyard shift found the mine boss half way up the deserted drift with the body of the miner, which he had carried to his end.—Colorado Woman.

House Inscriptions.

A few years ago there was discovered on an old half timbered house in Tewkesbury, hidden by more recent plastering, a very curious inscription painted in red, which is certainly unique: "Three things pleaseth both God and man—concord between brethren, amity between neighbors, and a man and his wife that agreeth well together. Four things hurt much the life of man—tears, smoke, wind and, the worst of all, to see his friends unlucky and his foes happy. These five things are rare seen—a fair young woman without a lover, a young man without mirth, an old usurer without money, any great fair without thieves, and a fair horn without musick." These old house inscriptions might be extended, the custom of appending such mural mottoes having been extensively kept up on the continent, but only too many of them lose their point when translated.—London Standard.

Corrected.

Miss Lakeside—Look at that old man with the bald head.

Miss Beacon Street—How vulgar, my dear! You should say, "Observe that senescent gentleman with the decollete bang!"—Philadelphia Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

DO YOU make doughnuts this way?

Sift 1 quart of flour, 1 saltspoonful salt, 1 saltspoonful ground nutmeg or cinnamon, 3 rounding teaspoonfuls baking powder together. Beat 2 eggs; add 1 cup sugar, 1 cup milk 1 teaspoonfuls melted Cottolene. Stir these into the flour, roll and cut into shape. Have kettle ½ full of Cottolene—at just the right heat—and fry the doughnuts in it for 3 minutes.

For frying, Cottolene must be *hot*, but don't let it get hot enough to smoke or it will be burned and spoiled. To find if it is hot enough, test it by throwing into it a single drop of water. When at just the heat, the water will *pop*. Get the genuine.

The Cottolene trade-marks are "*Cottolene*" and *a steer's head in cotton-plant wreath.*

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Novel Railroad Track.

A novel kind of street railroad track has been constructed for one of the lines in San Francisco. Ties, as described in The Engineer, are laid after the manner of ordinary work and earth and fine broken stone rammed in between until flush with their tops. The rail is a Z rail, but inclined inward in the same way as a slot rail, and about every six or eight feet a bar is bolted to the rails to preserve the gauge. Upon the top of the ties and the surface formed by the rammed earth are laid five inches of concrete brought to a smooth, true curve on top, with a crown of about an inch, and upon this is laid an inch of sod, and then the paving blocks are put in, the latter being nearly cubical and soaked in hot coal tar. The blocks on the inside next the rail are shaped to permit the flange of the wheel to travel, and all the blocks are so laid as to present no wide joints, the appearance at a little distance being that of an asphaltum pavement. Vehicles can cross the track at any angle without in any degree twisting or wrenching the wheels.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discov eryI owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe andtried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in mys tore I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-℔ Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¼	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ ℔	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ ℔	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ ℔	6	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ ℔	6½	@	6
Shoulders ₩ ℔	5½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ ℔	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ ℔	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	47½
Virginia Meal	50	@	50
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—₩ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State	....	@	10
COFFEE—₩ ℔—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	21
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	10	@	12
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 65	@	3 75
First Patent		@	4 25
GLUE—₩ ℔—	7½	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	50
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	70	@	75
HIDES, ₩ ℔—			
Green	....	@	6
Dry	...	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern	....	@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ₩ ℔—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	..	@	22
" " " in bbls	....	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	....	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	25
NAILS, ₩ keg. Cut. 60d basis		@	2 80
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 50
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ ℔	10	@	22
SALT ₩ sack Alum	...	@	75
Liverpool	....	@	65
Lisbon		@	...
American		@	65
on 125 ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	...	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4⅞	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¾
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	...
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	00	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon— Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ ℔—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Firm at 24¾ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Market firm on a basis of 8¼c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ₩ ℔
Good Ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low Middling	7 13-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good Middling	8 9-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	823 bales
Spirits Turpentine	60 casks
Rosin	153 bbls
Tar	248 bbls
Crude Turpentine	34 bbls

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.
For week ended Oct. 25, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
19,977	863	3,071	2,185	285

RECEIPTS.
For week ended Oct. 26, 1894.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
18,898	833	3,769	1,052	375

EXPORTS.
For week ended Oct. 25, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,929	862	577	1,519	374
Foreign	17,628	1	000	3	000
	19,457	863	577	1,521	374

EXPORTS.
For week ended Oct. 26, 1894.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	462	328	1,222	1,457	265
Foreign	9,335	000	4,405	000	000
	9,797	328	5,627	1,457	265

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, Oct. 25, 1895.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	6,495	12,464	18,959
Spirits	5,293	9	5,302
Rosin	34,089	6,603	40,692
Tar	3,504	125	3,629
Crude	237	00	237

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, Oct. 26, 1894.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
27,128	1,738	37,222	1,636	554

QUOTATIONS.

	Oct. 25, 1895.	Oct. 26, 1894
Cotton	8¼c	5⅝
Spirits	24¾@25¼	26
Rosin	1 20@1 25	95@$1 00
Tar	$ 1 40	1 20
Crude	$1 20@1 60	$1 10@1 70

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 25.- Evening—Money on call was easy at 2@2½ last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487⅜ for sixty days and 488¼@488⅜ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97¼. State bonds easer; North Carolina fours 104½; North Carolina sixes 123. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was firm, 20,000 ouncea having sold at 68⅛.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 25—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 13-16c; middling 8 9-16c. Sales 507 bales.

Cotton futures—market closed firm; October 8 43, November 8 43, December 8 49, January 8 57, February 8 63, March 8 68; April 8 73, May 8 80, June 8 86. Sales 315,100 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 100 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to Continent 2,186 bales; forwarded — — bales; sales —— bales, sales to spinners 705 bales; stock (actual) 160,581 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,380 bales; gross 31,563 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,712 bales; to the France 1,045 bales; to the Continent 5,372 bales; forwarded 11,246 bales; sales 3,197 bales; sales to spinners 2,897 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 37,018 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,186 bales; to France 6,861 bales; to the Continent 32,116 bales; stock 874,331.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 291,240 bales; exports to Great Britain 55,331 bales; to France 14,917 bales; to the Continent 87,694 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 1,347,631 bales; exports to Great Britain 286,957 bales; exports to France 43,114 bales; exports to the Continent 240,819 bales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.-Evening.—Flour was firm and quiet at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 60; fair to fancy $2 80@3 45; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $2 75@3 05; patents $3 35@4 20; low extra $2 25@2 60; Southern flour quiet, firm, common to fair extra $2 10 @2 80; good to choice $3 90@3 30. Wheat—spot was firmer and active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70⅞c; afloat 72⅝c; free on board 70⅞c; ungraded 67@74c; options were quiet and ⅛c higher; No. 2 red October 67c; December 67⅞c; February 70⅛c; May 71⅜c. Corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 39½c; afloat 40½c; options dull and firm at ⅛@⅜c advance; October 39c; November 38⅛c; December 36½c; May 36c. Oats—spot firm and quiet; options dull and firmer; October 24c; December 24½c; May 25⅞c; spot prices—No. 2, 24c; No. 2 white 25½c; mixed Western 24@28c. Hay fairly active; spring 75@77½c; good to choice 85@92½c. Wool quiet and unchanged. Beef was quiet and steady; family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams dull at $15 00; tierced beef slow and firm; city extra India mess $16 00@17 00; cut meats quiet and weak; pickled bellies 6½c; shoulders 6@6½c; hams 8¾@9c; middles were nominal. Lard quiet and easier; Western steam closed at $5 95 asked; city $5 60; October $5 95, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $6 40; South America $6 75; compound $4 50@4 87½. Pork was quiet and steady; mess $9 75@10 25. Butter moderate demand and unchanged. Eggs dull, about steady; State and Pennsylvania 20@21c; ice house 16@17c; do per case $3 00@4 25; Western fresh 18@20c; do per case $2 00@4 00; limed 16@16½. Tallow dull, weak; city 4 3 16c; country 4¼@4½. Cotton seed oil was dull and weak; crude 24½c; yellow prime old and new 27¾8c, do off grade 26¼@27¼c. Rice in moderate demand; domestic, fair to extra 3¾@6c; Japan 3⅝@3¾c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c, firm. Peanuts steady. Coffee quiet and unhanged to 5 points down; October $14 95 @15 00; November $14 85; December $14 65@14 70; January $14 50; March $14 20@14 25; May $13 80@13 85; spot Rio dull and lower; No. 7 $15 62½. Sugar—raw quiet and steady; fair refining 3⅛c; refined quiet and ⅛c lower; off A 4 3 16@4⅜c; standard A 4⅝@4⅞c; granulated 4⅝@4⅞c: cut loaf 5¼c; crushed 5¼c; powdered 4⅞c; cubes 4⅞c. Freights to Liverpool—grain firm and room scarce; cotton quiet: cotton per steamer 7-64d; grain per steamer 3¼d.

CHICAGO, October 25—Cash quotations: Flour was dull and prices were steady and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 59¾@60⅛; No. 2 red 60⅛@63⅛. Corn—No. 2 31⅜@32½c. Oats—No. 2 18⅛@18⅝c. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $8 12½@8 25. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 60. Short rib sides, per 100 lbs $4 62½@4 70. Dry salted shoulders boxes per 100 lbs $5 25@5 37½. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $5 00@5 12½. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 October 60@60⅛, 60⅜, 59¾, 59¾@59⅞c; December 61@61⅛, 61⅛@61⅜, 60⅝@60¾, 60⅝@60⅞; May 65@65⅛, 65⅛, 64¾, 64⅜@64⅞c. Corn—October 31⅛, 32, 31⅛, 31⅞c; November 30⅞⅛, 30⅞@31, 30⅝@30¾, 30⅞c; December 28⅛, 28⅜, 28⅜, 28⅜@28⅝c; May 29¾, 29¾, 29⅝, 29⅝c. Oats—No. 2 October 18⅛, 18⅛, 18⅛, 18⅛c; December 18⅜, 18⅜, 18⅜, 18⅜c; May 20⅞, 20⅞, 20⅝@20¾ 20⅝c. Mess pork—per bbl, October $8 05, 8 05, 8 05, 8 05; January $9 22½, 9 22½, 9 10, 9 10; May 9 52½, 9 52½, 9 40, 9 40. Lard, per 100 lbs, October $5 55, 5 55, 5 55, 5 55; January $5 70, 5 70, 5 65, 5 67½; May $5 87½, 5 87½, 5 82½, 5 85. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, October $4 67½, 4 67½, 4 60, 4 60; January $4 65, 4 67½, 4 60, 4 60; May $4 87½, 4 87½, 4 80, 4 82½.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—Flour firm. Wheat strong; No. 2 red spot and October 66¾@66⅞c; December 68¼@68½c; May 72½c bid; Steamer No. 2 red 63¾@64c. Southern by sample 67½c; do on grade 64½@67½c. Corn firmer; mixed spot 38¾@38⅞c; October 38c bid; November 33¼@33⅜c; year 34¼@34¾c; January 34¼@34⅜c; February 34¼@34⅜c; Southern white 35@37c nominal; do yellow 38c new. Oats quiet and steady; No. 2 white Western 25½@26½c; No. 2 mixed do 23@23¾c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Oct. 25.—Galveston, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 7,184 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 2,739 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 8⅝, net receipts 1,705 bales; Boston, easy at 8½c, net receipts 680 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 1,142 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8 13-16c, net receipts 211 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 5,585 bales, New Orleans, firm at 8 5-16, net receipts 11, bales; Mobile, easy at 8⅛c, net receipts 1,473 bales; Memphis, steady at 8 5-16c, net receipts 3,932 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 1,694 bales; Charleston, quiet at 8c, net receipts 2,709 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 25.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand fair and prices steady. American middling 4 1-32d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 8,900 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 3,000 bales, none of which were American. Futures opened steady and demand moderate. American middling (l m c) December and January 4 29 64, 4 30 64, 4 31 64@4 32-64d; January and February 4 30-64, 4 31 64, 4 30 64, 4 31 64, 4 32 64@4 33 64d; February and March 4 31-64d; March and April 4 33 64, 4 34-64, 4 35-64@4 36-64d; April and May 4 34 64@4 37-64d; May and June 4 35 64@4 38 64d; June and July 4 37-64@4 39-64d. Futures easy. Tenders none.

4 P M—Cotton—American middling fair 5 3-16d; good middling 4¾d; middling 4⅝d; low middling 4 17-32d; good ordinary 4 13 32d; ordinary 4 7-32d. October 4 32 64@4 33 64d buyer; October and November 4 32 64d buyer; November and December 4 32-63d buyer; December and January 4 32-64@4 33 64d seller; January and February 4 33 64d buyer; February and March 4 34-64@4 35 64d seller; March and April 4 35-64@4 36 64d value; April and May 4 36-64@4 37-64d buyer; May and June 4 38-64d seller; June and July 4 39-64d buyer; July and August 4 40-64@4 41-64d value. Futures closed quiet but steady.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Nor barque Argo, Arentsen, London, Heide & Co; cargo by Murchison & Co.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

LONDON—Nor barque Argo—6,086 bbls rosin.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 26, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Eastry (Br), 1924 tons, Wattley, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Gloucester City, 1409 tons, Dwyer, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Arion (Br), 1,823 tons, Sargent, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Thos Clyde, 304 tons, Calhoun, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Jas E Bayles, 392 tons, Darling, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Thos W Stone, 375 tons, Newcomb, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

M C Haskell, 334 tons, Winfield, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C., are now showing a very desirable line of

COOKING STOVES,

Oil Heaters

of several kinds, styles and sizes.

They will certainly give you as low prices for first quality goods as any house can possibly do and be successful. They realize the competition that confronts them, but the heavier the load the harder they must pull. oct 13 tf

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

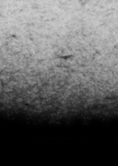
It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

ap 8 tf sa

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

ap 4 D & W 6m th sa tu

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1v

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

WHEN MABEL SMILES.

When Mabel smiles, my heart beats high,
A softer azure tints the sky,
And zephyrs sweet flit laughing by,
With strains unheard before,
While I look in her peerless eyes
And envy not the rich and wise
Nor heavenward gaze with wistful sighs,
For heaven can yield no more.

When Mabel frowns, the world is drear,
Each trembling dewdrop seems a tear,
The roses droop in grief and fear
And cease to breathe perfume.
Alas, for me, a mournful swain,
The dismal moments drag in pain,
For who could bear to meet disdain
From lips so full of bloom?

When Mabel smiles, my heart is proud,
When Mabel frowns, my heart is bowed,
But be she dark or sunny browed
She reigns my bosom's queen;
And well she knows who rules in state,
That joy and pain must alternate,
And so fair Mabel hides my fate,
A smile and frown between.
—Samuel Minturn Peck in Life.

NEWTON'S GREAT KILLING.

Of the Thirteen Slain That Night Nine Fell to Riley's Pistol.

"In the way of prompt and deadly shooting nothing in all the red calendar of homicide in the far west beats the record of the gambler Riley, at Newton, Kan., made one night in 1871," said C. B. Durers of Topeka. "The Atchison railroad had been built to that point during the year, and a flourishing town had grown up around the terminus, to which the Texas cattle drives that had been going to Abilene now came. With the gamblers, cowboys and railroad men that thronged the streets it was a very lively sort of town, where dance halls and gambling places were in full blast, and pistol shooting often was heard by day and night. It was at that time that Boot cemetery got its start, and its list of occupants who had met violent death numbered 30 before the town got quieted down.

"On the night in question the Texas cattle drives were in for shipment, and the cowboys were celebrating. Some of the Texans had a grudge against the officers of the town, and so they came in that night prepared for trouble, and they set about making it straightway. They killed the city marshal, the deputy marshal and another man early in the evening. Later they poured into Pinkham's dance hall to the number of 25 or 30. The three men already killed were not enough to satisfy them, and they wanted more. Upon a bench at the side of the room a man was sitting with a girl on his knee. One of the cowboys walked up to him, slapped him on the shoulder and said:

"'I'll teach you to hold my girl in your lap,' and shot him dead.

"Riley was in the dance hall, and the man just killed was a particular friend of his. Without a word Riley stepped back to the big double doors in the front of the saloon and closed them. Placing his back against the doors, he drew a pair of revolvers and fell to shooting, one man against the crowd. Men tumbled left and right, and shots rang out all over the room in response to the drum roll cracking of Riley's pistols. Shots perforated and splintered the door all about him, but he stood there firing until his pistols were emptied. Behind the bar which ran along one side of the room he knew where the armory was kept ready for instant use. Leaping over the counter, he instantly caught up a revolver that lay on a shelf beneath and kept on with his firing. Before he had emptied the pistol that he found behind the bar the men inside had forced the front doors open, those that could rushed out, and Riley shot his last man in the middle of the street. When it came to counting up losses, it was discovered there were 13 dead men in the town due to that night's shooting, of whom nine cowboys had fallen to Riley's hand. How many wounded ones rode or were carried away by their comrades to the cattle could only be guessed at.

"There was one curious incident of this fight not generally known. Riley, it was supposed, was unhurt in the shooting. A doctor hastily summoned to the scene came to the side of a cowboy who was dying.

"'How is it, doc?' asked the wounded man. 'Am I going to pull through?'

"The doctor shook his head. 'I'm sorry, my poor fellow, but I cannot give you any hope.'

"'How about the man who shot me,' said the cowboy. 'Is he dead?'

"'No,' answered the doctor. 'He was not even wounded.'

"'I know better than that,' said the cowboy. 'I know he was hit. I was right by the side of him when he shot me, and before I fell I fired and hit him under the arm. You examine him and you'll find that he's wounded there.'

"When the doctor got round to Riley, he examined him, and, sure enough, found that he had received a flesh wound under his arm, which in the excitement of fighting he had not noticed. Riley left the town after the inquest and didn't appear there again. No effort seems to have been made to arrest or bring him to trial for an act that was generally held to be justifiable and praiseworthy.

"'I got a message some time afterward from Kansas City saying that Riley was there and asking if I wanted him,' said Major R. H. Spivey of the land department of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, who was mayor of Newton at the time of the killing. I sent back word that they were perfectly welcome to keep him there. We had begun to build up a population in Newton and didn't need him."—New York Sun

Likely Enough.

Mistress—What? Dinner time, the fire out and the breakfast dishes not yet washed? What have you been doing?

New Girl—Please, mum, I was busy all the morning readin about a fine lady who stabbed her servant girl, mum.

Mistress—Well, mistresses can't stand everything.—New York Weekly.

Hearts Were Not Trumps.

A little fellow who was evidently taking his first lessons in orthography picked up a heart shaped pin from his mother's dressing table recently, and running to her for the purpose of displaying his talent said, "That is a h-e-r-t, isn't it, mamma?" "You are a fine speller, Freddie," replied the fond, but ignorant parent. "You should say h-a-r-t." All of which goes to show that it is a good idea for parents to learn how to shoot before they attempt to teach the young idea.—New York Herald.

THE NEW BARMAID.

It was in Maoriland in the sixties—that is, in the days when the diggers dreamed not of prohibition, and when one was much more certain than now to get in a mining town a dram of decent stuff incapable of blowing the cork out.

Plainly, there was something astir. Everybody had on his best. A new barmaid had arrived (there is no hope for the wretches who would rob the diggers of that comfort) at Widow Brown's pub. In twos, threes or sixes the whole place dropped in four or five times an hour to have "another gaze."

She was the sole topic of conversation. "Ain't she clean?" said one. "That wur a slashing feed we had today," said another. "Best tucker ever I struck," added a third, with a furtive glance from beneath the rim of a hat that seemed intended as a cover for his face.

By the end of the week the newcomer was no longer a stranger. Everybody knew her. She was a woman of over 30, marvelously preserved. She had never been married, though—well, she had been queen of many gold rushes.

The man who has spent a quarter of a century in the Australian provinces has seen ten civilizations, anyway. There is ground for belief that later civilizations have degenerated.

The woman of today is not the cook of the past. There is an air of cindered chops about the present hapless creature. Today too many matrons want their daughters to play "the pianner." Too many mothers wash the clothes and get the languid girls to bring them in. Thus the man passing by the clothes line is deceived. Therefore our civilization is comparable to a needle which has been too finely sharpened and too much reduced at the sides. This reduction has been visible throughout Australia for 20 years past.

Now, the consequences of this fatal relapse of woman are manifold and terrible. The bad cook is only a slow murderess.

But there was grit in our barmaid. She was none of these. She could produce a meal worthy of man, and digging breeds men. She was tidy to a hair. She was trim as a snug vessel, and she was handsome.

Of course the whole district became infatuated with her. Diggers go that way. They sit in the solitude of their huts and dream of the ideal in the guise of the handiest flesh and blood substitute. In the night it is their companion. In this way do single miners love a million times—it is their polygamy. They love with a distant, worshipful love—"the desire of the moth for the star."

They are pleased if she visits their claim and watches the water flying from the sluicing nozzle. They show her the rainbow under the jet. They bring her nuggets. And if she speaks to them, be it only a "Good day!" they fancy that their affection is making headway and rejoice in every fiber of their being.

Out of her admirers the charmer reduced the cluster to two, and between these the contest was terrible. They hung about the place like unto dogs chained. She ran against one or the other, or both each minute. She spoke to them singly or in a pair 40 odd times an hour. It was evident to the boys that something was looming up ahead.

The aspirants were named Louis and Charles, both Frenchmen and over 40. The worst of a Frenchman is that France hangs like a plumb bob before his nose, and everything has to be regarded across France. But the regard here was not of conceit—it was fury.

One night there was a rumor that Charles had struck a "pile" in his claim. People began to bet whether our ideal would be influenced by the find. It was freely asserted that night would see it decided.

I was hot and restless during the evening, and I went down to the sea beach, two miles distant. I sat on a log and smoked and let the sweet hum of the Pacific eat its way into my ears. This content of reverie surpasses the pleasure of books, and is the nearest approach to the pleasure of gratified love which a mind undistorted can discover on this crude planet.

Suddenly I saw a figure streaming out toward the sea. It was Louis.

"Don't be a fool!" I said, as I locked my arm in his and led him away. He had been rejected. Additional confirmation was granted when the pair were seen walking out for a stroll on the morrow.

They were married. I didn't see the wedding (a most informal transaction), as I had all my work cut out to guard Louis. May I never again take such a contract!

Every wedding involves a question of sentiment. One morning the husband went to cut wood. He returned suddenly and took a silent peep into his apartments. Then he stole off on tiptoe for his gun. That is the other end of the sentiment. When he returned, the room was empty; the birds had fled.

And because he couldn't find anybody to shoot he pined away and grew silly. When I left, the abandoned one had made his claim over to a stranger.

From that day the story is a blank. The denouement is unknown. But wherever she is I swear the scenes in the cupboard will be capital. As said before, she was a good cook. Some have thought that cookery is a form of virtue. They erred. Virtue is a form of cookery.—Sydney Bulletin.

How the Old Piano Tuners Escaped.

I had my piano tuned yesterday by an old man with long white whiskers. He looked like the same old fellow I met in a small Pennsylvania town some years ago, engaged in the same business. When he had finished the job, I thought I would touch him up a trifle. Looking quizzically at him, I said, "I won't strike a note on it for two hours." He seemed surprised and asked, "Why?"

"The old story," I said. "Do you mean to say you never heard it?"

"Well, I guess you've got me. Where did you learn that trick? It was invented by the old time tuners who traveled through the country picking up a job here and there. Most of them tuned very badly. They left a piano in worse shape than they found it and were always in danger of a thrashing. They started that idea about letting the instrument alone two hours after tuning so that they would have time to get out of town before discovery. I confess that I did give similar advice in those days and generally drove pretty fast when I left a house. But you need not be afraid now. I am not going to leave New York for several days."—New York Press.

Evidences of Strength.

Bellefield—Young Halfback gets his athletic tastes very legitimately. He comes from a very athletic family.

Bloomfield—Is that so?

Bellefield—Yes. His father once held up a train. He had an aunt who did some shoplifting, and an uncle who was quite noted for jumping board bills.—Cincinnati Gazette.

He Could Wait.

"Just a year ago today," he said to the man beside him on the rear platform of a Michigan avenue car, "you and I were riding down the avenue the same as now."

"Yes?" was the neutral reply.

"On that occasion I asked you a question. I asked you if you chewed tobacco."

"I think you did."

"But you did not answer me."

"No. I always wait exactly a year before answering such a question. The year is up. I will now answer that I do chew tobacco. Have a chew with me?"

"No, sir."

"Quit using the weed?"

"No, but when I meet such a man as you, I always wait two years before taking a chew of his tobacco. Thanks. See you later, just one year later."—Detroit Free Press.

Gold Remains Quiet.

Cumso—I suppose the adage which says money talks applies only to silver and paper money.

Fangle—What makes you suppose that?

Cumso—Because we know that silence is golden, and then we hear a good deal about the gold reserve.—Harlem Life.

A Sudden Change.

The giving way of summer to winter is often very quickly done, and unfortunately the giving way of the human beings by this change is often as sudden and sad. But when you stop to think, why should it not be so? The pores of the skin are open, the muscles are relaxed, the thermometer falls, the winds blow, the pores are closed and the body becomes chilled, and then you are sick. Now do you ever stop to think that all this work is thrown back upon—what? The kidneys, nothing else. When the skin does not throw off the waste of the body by perspiration, the kidneys must do it, and too often they cannot stand the sudden strain.

You know, if you are well read and in touch with the times, that there is but one cure for any kidney difficulty, but one means of preserving the kidneys in health, and that is Warner's Safe Cure. So wonderful have been its results, so much has it accomplished, that physicians, scientists and the best informed people, both men and women throughout the world have admitted it. If you are suffering from any form of chill, pains in the muscles, lack of appetite, headache, or many ills which come at this special season, you should not delay a moment, and your are foolish if you continue to suffer when you can so readily obtain relief.

OVER THE DEAD CENTER.

A New York Incident of the Financial Squeeze of 1893.

Right in the midst of the panic of 1893 a financier and a great power in the world of trade whose name is known all over this country and Europe went to a friend and said, "I am so near ruin as this—that while I have millions in securities I have scarcely $1,000 in cash and must have $25,000 today, or I am done for."

He had thrown himself languidly into a chair as though almost ready to give up the battle. He knew well enough what the announcement of his failure meant for the commercial world. It probably would have pulled down a score or more of important institutions and very likely would have precipitated general disaster. He had been everywhere with securities in his pocket valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars pronounced good then, but he was told in every place, "Your securities are good, but we cannot lend money now." His position was like that of the castaway upon the ocean with "water, water everywhere, nor any drop to drink." His securities at their normal value were probably worth as much as $10,000,000, perhaps more, but it was impossible for him to borrow $10 upon them.

The friend to whom he went knew as well as he what his failure involved; knew that he was worth at least $10,000,000 in securities, although he could not command the $25,000 which stood between him and the protesting of his paper.

The friend said: "Well, I'll try to help you. What collateral have you got?" He took from his pocket securities which before the panic would have commanded easily $50,000 and said, "I can offer these."

"They are good," said the friend, "nothing better. Let me see what I can do."

He went out to a financial institution of which he had long been a customer, and he said to the officers: "I want to borrow $25,000 on this collateral, which is worth $50,000. I will guarantee the paper, provided I have recourse to the collateral in case it is not paid."

"But," said the bank officers, "we can't lend that. The collateral is good enough, but we can't even lend on government bonds. Nobody is lending. Everybody is trying to borrow."

"Well," said the friend, "then I will submit a proposition to you. If you will lend the money on this collateral, it will earn 6 per cent for you. If you will not lend it, then I will draw my own check upon this concern for $25,000, and I will keep the collateral myself. Now, it is for you to say whether for the $25,000 that you've got to part with you will take security and 6 per cent interest, or whether you will pay it out and get nothing for it, as you must do if I check it out."

Of course the officers, confronted with such an alternative, could only decide to loan the money, and it was the biggest loan that was made that day or perhaps for several days before or afterward—at least the biggest new loan.

The friend went back to the capitalist and said, "The $25,000 is at your command." When the capitalist heard this, he became a new man. All the energy characteristic of him returned. Said he, "That will carry me over the dead center, for I am satisfied that before any of my other obligations mature it will be possible to borrow money on such securities as I possess," and that proved to be the case.

The capitalist is now esteemed to be worth not far from $20,000,000, and he can borrow upon his securities millions of money with perfect ease. He does not like to think of the day in 1893 when $25,000 stood between him and ruin.—Holland in Philadelphia Press.

Explaining a Joke.

Two girls were riding in a Pittsburg cable car, and one of them was reading a comic paper.

"I don't see the point to this joke," said the reader as she displayed to her companion a picture. It represented a man in his shirt sleeves with a tiny baby on his lap and was labeled "The New Woman."

The other girl was thoughtful for a few moments, and then she said:

"Oh, that's plain enough. The baby is a girl, and of course it's quite new. Don't you see?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Music Was Divine.

Miss Budd (to famous pianist)—That music was truly divine, monsieur.

Ah, mamselle, zat is indeed praise, for who but an angel would know divine music?—Exchange.

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	Sept. 28, 1893.	Sept. 28, 1894.	Sept. 28, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$18,200	$30,100	$45,000
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,250	None.	None
Banking House, &c.......	15,600	15,600	12,500

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

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Braddy & Gaylord

Gives the following prices on goods for the next seven days: One yard wide bleaching at 5c. Seven-eights yard wide at 4½c. Androscoggin bleaching at 7½c. Four-four white homespun at 5c. Sea Island homespun at 6c. Checked homespun at 3½, 4, 4½ and 5c. Checked Gingham at 4½, 5, 6 and 7c a yard. Heavy, thick Jeans at 10c. A beautiful line of Pants Cloth at 18c; nearly all wool at 25c. A heavy Blue Flannel, fifty-four inches wide, for boys' suits and pants, at 40c, worth 65c. Thirty-six inch wide Navy Blue Tricots at 10c. Thirty-four inch wide Carsimeres at 12½c. Twenty eight inch Plaids, in Dress Suitings, at 12½c. Forty inch Plaids, all styles, at 35, 40 and 60c a yard. Fifty-four inch, All Wool Ladies' Cloth at 75c. Extra value Twilled Red Flannel at 12½, 15, 18, 25, 35 and 40c, all grades; Plain White at 15, 18 and 25c; Heavy Twilled All Wool Extra Quality at 35c a yard. Ladies' Long Sleeve Under Vest at 18, 25, 40 and 50c; Medicated Red Flannel at $1.00 and 1.25—for ladies and gents; Children's size, 16, in White Merino at 10c, with a rise of 2c a number up to No. 34. Forty-four inch long Turkish Bath Towels at 10c. Gents' Fine, Black, Seamless Half Hose at 10c; Women's Black Hose at 5c; Heavy and Extra Long at 10c; Seamless at 15c; Hermsdorf Dyes, Fine Grade, at 25 and 30c; a few Children's Hose at 25c a pair. Ladies' Kid Gloves, a job lot, for ladies and gents, at 25 and 30c a pair. Ladies' Fine Kid Pearl Button Glove at 75c and $1.00.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

oct 20 tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER,

Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr.,

vs.

Emanuel Haggett et al.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court obtained in the above cause, the undersigned commissioner will expose for sale at the Court House door of New Hanover County, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at 12 o'clock m., on 9th day of November, 1895, the following described real estate situate in the city of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Campbell street 66 feet west of the western line of Sixth street, runs thence northwardly parallel with Sixth street 330 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Sixth street 330 feet to Campbell street, thence east 66 feet to the beginning, the same being parts of lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Block No. 250, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, N. C.

GEO. H HOWELL, Commissioner.

oct 10 t s

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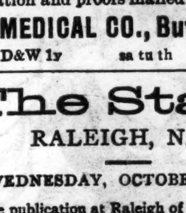

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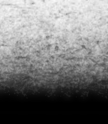

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8		7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv..Jacksonville......Lv	4 23
11 07	Lv..Maysville........Lv	3 51
11 29	Lv..Pollocksville.....Lv	3 36
12 0)	Ar..Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 21, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 a m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.13 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5 20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m. returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 12 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.10 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 7.45 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 3 50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 56 a m, arrives Sumter †9 25 a m. Leave Sumter †9 50 a m, arrives Pregnalls †6 00 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 20 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m, Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 30 p m, Leaves Sumter †6 25 a m, arrives Darlington †7 t5 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m., Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent.

ap 27 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax.......Lv	4 12 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro.... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall. . Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No 3.	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 35 a. m
6 12 "	Ar......Maxton.. .. Lv	9 23 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur .Lv	5 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax ... Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro... Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro............................	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale............................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison..............................	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison...............................	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale............................	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro...........................	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

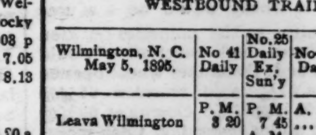
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No408 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leava Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 48	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leaxe Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern Western and Northwestern points

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C..........................	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station.......................	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.........................	7.30 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.........................	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

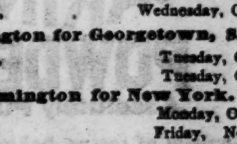
Leave Hamlet, N. C..........................	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C........................	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station.......................	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C..........................	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C, AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Wednesday, Oct. 23
PAWNEE,	Saturday, Oct. 26
CROATAN,	Wednesday, Oct. 30

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Oct. 22
PAWNEE,	Tuesday, Oct. 29

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Monday, Oct. 28
PAWNEE,	Friday, Nov. 1
CROATAN.	Monday, Nov. 4

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y.

oct 23 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 26, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market—Total Net Receipts at the Ports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 25.—Total net receipts at the ports since September 1st, 1895: Galveston 297,018; New Orleans 415,096; Mobile 58,027; Savannah 259,880; Charleston 107,975; Wilmington 64,160; Norfolk 59,990; Baltimore 2,662; New York 11,428; Boston 11,731; Newport News 1,179; Philadelphia 9,155; West Point 82,099; Brunswick 3,545; Texas City 5,747; Port Royal 8,450. Total 1,348,631.

The *Sun* says: Cotton rose twenty-three to twenty seven points, the distant months showing the greatest strength, closing firm with sales of 815,000 bales. Liverpool advanced three and one-half to four and one-half points, then reacted and closed quiet and steady at a net rise of one and one-half to two and one-half points. Spot sales were 10,000 bales and prices 1-32d higher. New Orleans advanced sixteen to nineteen points. Exports from the ports were very large. The ports received 37,018 bales, including "various" against 43,418 last Friday and 60,931 last year; total for week 291,240 bales against 272,497 last week and 389,258 last year. Spot cotton advanced 1-16c here, with sales of 507 bales for spinning. In Manchester yarns were quiet and steady and small inquiry for cloths. The Liverpool sales for the week were 64,000 bales, including 58,000 American, against 94,000 last year, of which 88,000 were American; stock 887,000 bales, including 778,000 American, against 679,000 last year, of which 543,000 were American. New Orleans expects to-morrow 18,000 to 20,000 bales. Bulls contend that at the ratio of last year's exports for the remainder of the season the total exports this season will foot up 4,000,000 bales.

To day's features: The bullish factors were an advance in Liverpool; a rumor that Neill Bros. are about to estimate the crop at 6,350,000 to 6,500,000 bales; materially diminished offerings from the South; light receipts at the ports and at some of the Texas interior points, and considerable buying, partly new, by operators who are now taking the distant months, a fact which is reflected in the conspicuous strength of the distant deliveries. The best prices of the day were made toward the close. Some Wall street houses are talking very favorably of cotton as a purchase, believing that the worst of the weak long liquidation is over.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—A Further Decline in Prices of Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 25.—Either a bulge or a break in wheat would be a source of gratification to the commission men if the dullness and inactivity would come to an end. December wheat opened from 61c to 61½c, sold between 61¼@61¾c and 60⅝@60¾c, closing at 60¾@60⅞c—¾c under yesterday. Cash wheat was steady.

May corn opened at 29⅜c, sold at 29⅝c, closing at 29¾, a shade over yesterday. Cash corn was firm.

May oats closed ⅛c lower than yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions—Holders of products were disposed to sell all day to-day, and there was also an inclination on the part of shorts to press offerings. Hogs were again lower, and the demoralized condition of affairs at the yards seems to be the key to the situation in product. January pork closed 15c lower; January lard 5c lower, and January ribs 7½c lower.

THE DROUGHT IN OHIO.

Water Selling at Twenty-five to Forty Cents Per Barrel—Tobacco Crop a Failure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, Oct. 25.—The continued drought has caused serious loss throughout Scioto and adjoining counties. The tobacco crop is almost a total failure, and Fall wheat is in bad shape, a great deal of it having been killed after sprouting. Water sells at twenty five cents per barrel at West Union and Weliston and forty cents at Winchester. Cattle are being sold at the first price offered, owing to scarcity of feed, as the hay and corn crops have been an almost total failure in many localities.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1895	1894
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	291,240	389,258
Total receipts to this date.....	1,347,631	1,721,404
Exports for the week	157,992	268,903
Total exports to this date.....	570,890	937,889
Stock in all United States ports.....	874,331	796,480
Stock at all interior towns.....	127,945	100,179
Stock in Liverpool....	887,000	679,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	165,000	235,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

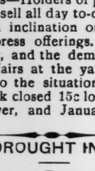
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 25.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28¼@28¾c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 65@1 70.

CHARLESTON, October 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 35 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20@1 30, receipts 319 barrels.

SAVANNAH, October 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c, with sales of 1,036 casks; receipts 793 casks. Rosin—market quiet for pales and firm for other grades; sales of 1,000 barrels. Quote: A, B and C $1 15@1 25, D $1 25, E $1 35, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 70, K $1 85, M $2 15, N $2 60, window glass $3 00, water white $3 25.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

A TREATY CONCLUDED THAT DISTURBS GREAT BRITAIN.

English Newspapers Assume That It Means Partition of China and War With Russia Would be Less Disastrous.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* prints a long article commenting upon the dispatch published in the *Times* from its Hong Kong correspondent, stating that a treaty was recently concluded between Russia and China, by the terms of which Russia obtains the right of anchorage for her fleet at Port Arthur, the right to construct and operate railways and other advantages of great commercial value. The *Gazette* assumes that this practically means that Russia has annexed China. Japan, the paper says, will certainly refuse to leave Port Arthur and England will oppose it to the death. The treaty also means the presence of Russian warships off Vancouver and Sydney, and England must act vigorously and immediately both by means of diplomacy and by getting her fleets ready for sea.

The *Globe* in an article on the same subject says: "Neither England, the United States, Japan nor Germany, will sanction a partition of China which would virtually render the Pacific ocean a Franco-Russian lake, and seal the markets of China against their commerce."

The *St. James Gazette* says: "It is obvious that if Russia has squeezed China into such an agreement we must intervene. War with Russia, with all its risks and possibilities, would be less disastrous than to allow her without striking a blow to get such a grip on China."

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The *Daily News* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from St. Petersburg saying that the *Novoe Vremyas'* statement as to the gravity of the situation in Corea and the movements of the Russian fleet is much exaggerated. The dispatch adds that the augmenting of the Russian Pacific squadron was arranged before the recent outbreak of disorder in Seoul.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

C. L. Dibrell, An Official of the Southern Express Company at Chattanooga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 25.—C. L. Dibrell, auditor of the money department in the general offices of the Southern Express Company and known to Express people throughout the South, was found in a sitting posture in his coal house today with a pistol gripped tightly in his right hand and blood flowing from his left temple, where the ball passed out, forming in pools on the floor. The ball had done its work instantaneously and the family physician who was in the house waiting on the suicide's invalid wife could render no assistance. Dibrell has for months suffered intense pains in the head from neuralgia of the fifth nerve, and in a moment of such torture it is believed that he resorted to his desperate remedy. Col. Dibrell was a member of an old Virginia family, and related to the late Congressman from Tennessee, Gen. Dibrell, while Mrs. Dibrell comes from one of the best families in the South. She was Miss Sallie Russell, of Augusta, Ga.; one of her sisters being Mrs. E. W. Cole, wife of the ex-president of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad. Deceased had been in the employ of the Express Company for ten years, and when the offices of the Eastern division were in Augusta he was auditor. Many attribute his deed to despondency over the loss of his position, but this is unfounded, as he was only relieved a few days since, months after being incapacitated for his duties. Mrs. Dibrell is in a critical condition.

COOCHEE-COOCHEE.

The Georgia Legislature Shocked by the Dance Given on the Midway at the Exposition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, October 25.—The Georgia Legislature is down on the Coochee-Coochee dance. Some of the legislators went on the Midway President's day and were shocked by the *danse du ventre*, given in the streets of Cairo. Mr. Jones, of Dougherty county, offered a bill in the House this morning to prohibit the muscle dance, and the bill was passed by an almost unanimous vote. Mr. Jones made a strong speech, in which he urged that the bill be passed and declaring that the present exhibitions at the Exposition were indecent and should not be tolerated. He was followed by Mr. Fletcher Johnson, of Hall, who spoke against the bill. He declared that it was none of the Legislature's business, and if a man wanted to go to the devil by the Coochee-Coochee dance route it was none of the Legislature's business. The vote was 127 for the bill to 7 against it. It will not go into effect until after the Exposition is over.

BETWEEN SEASONS.

Bradstreets' Report of the State of Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, October 25.—Bradstreets' to-morrow will say: The volume of general trade for two weeks has hardly reached expectations and now assumes the character of between seasons. Wholesale dealers in seasonable staples, such as dry goods, clothing, hats and shoes report only a fairly active business, exceptions being at such points as New York, Baltimore, Chicago, Kansas City and Duluth.

The total number of failures throughout the United States during the week is 259, against 289 for the previous week and 221, 329 and 220 for the corresponding weeks in 1894, 1893 and 1892.

At the South, the reaction in the cotton market has made itself felt, dealers at Texas distributing points reporting a temporary check in the demand. This is true, also, at Nashville, Jacksonville, Augusta and Savannah. But at many other points throughout the South collections continue good and general trade satisfactory.

A FAST SCHEDULE

To be Run on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 25.—The fastest train ever run in the world, taking distance into consideration, will begin making its daily trips over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad on Tuesday evening, October 29. It will leave Chicago at 6 p m and will reach Los Angeles, California on Friday at 6 p m., making the run of 2,265 miles in 74 hours, allowing for the difference in time. Previous to this the fastest regular long distance train in the world was the California Limited, of the Chicago & Northwestern and Union Pacific systems which make the run from Chicago to San Francisco, 2,355 miles, in 85 hours and fifteen minutes. Its average rate of speed for the entire distance was 27.6 miles an hour, while the average speed of the Santa Fe train will be 30.4 miles an hour for the entire distance.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

TROUBLE IN GEORGIA.

RESULT OF THE MURDER OF SHERIFF BROOKER.

The Zeigler Family Entrenched at Their Homestead and Defying Arrest—Their Following Said to Number Two Hundred Men.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, October 25.—The situation in Screvin county, Ga, as the result of the murder of Sheriff Brooker by the Zeigler brothers, according to to-night's reports, is most serious and really remarkable for a civilized community.

The Zeiglers are entrenched at their homestead, about five miles south of Sylvania, and swear that they will not be taken alive. The Zeiglers are Populists and the district is strictly a Populist one. They have besides a number of relatives and family connections living in the country right around them, all of whom have espoused their cause and are sworn to stand by them to the death. A dozen or more of the close friends and relatives of the Zeiglers remain in their house or in the immediate neighborhood, it is said, and all are armed to the teeth. The house, it is said, is a perfect arsenal of shot guns, Winchester rifles and revolvers. It occupies a commanding position and the garrison inside could do terrible execution against any party which attempted to invade their stronghold.

When old man Solomon Zeigler was killed by Brooker in a quarrel over politics several months ago, it is said that the Zeiglers determined on revenge, and counseled with their friends and relatives, who agreed to stand by them. There is a very large farm bell in the yard, and it was agreed that this bell should not be rung except as a warning of danger, and a signal for the Zeiglers and their followers to gather together to resist an attack.

The bell has not been rung since old man Zeigler's death. The Zeigler following is said to number two hundred men who will respond to the ringing of the bell.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

The Champion Furious—Will Meet Bob Under Any Circumstances.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOT SPRINGS, Oct. 25.—Corbett this afternoon telegraphed to Phil. Dwyer and others in New York to forward the stake money at once. He stated in the telegraph that he was determined to remain in Hot Springs until November 1st and see the matter out, This puts a new aspect on affairs and it is now believed that Corbett has made up his mind to meet Fitzsimmons under any circumstances. The champion was furious over the receipt of a telegram from Martin Julian, in which the latter stated that if Corbett did not remain in Hot Springs and meet Fitzsimmons, he (Julian) would proclaim him a coward and a cur. Joe Vendig this morning wired Dan Stuart to secure an option on a large circus tent and stated that matters would be materially changed within a day or two.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., Oct. 25.—Rev. James Thomas, formerly pastor of a church here and now of Little Rock, is in the city. He says that he was in Gov. Clark's private office just before the Supreme Court rendered its decision and that the Governor showed him a proclamation which he had prepared, calling a special session of the Legislature in the event that the law was decided in favor of the fighters. Mr. Thomas also said that he was shown a bill drawn up by the chief executive of the State abolishing the office of Chancellor Leatherman.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex., Oct. 25.—Fitzsimmons continues his daily training here, but the past few days he has not been laborign as hard as he did two weeks ago. He thinks there is no chance now to meet Corbett in the ring. He informed a reporter that the failure to pull a fight off is the greatest disappointment of his life, but he says he has the consolation of knowing it is no fault of his. Julian will return to-night. Fitzsimmons will probably leave here Wednesday.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., October 25.—The outlook for a meeting of some kind between Corbett and Fitzsimmons is about as favorable to-night as at any time since the original proposition to bring off the mill was made by the local citizens' committee to the representatives of the two fighters. The affair will not be under the auspices of the Florida Athletic Club and the purse will have dwindled from $41,000 to a fourth of that sum.

A long time after midnight several wagon loads of lumber will be seen moving north on Central avenue, and visitors to-morrow in the neighborhood of Whittington Park may watch the operation of constructing a twenty-four foot ring. The odds are heavy that in this arena Corbett and Fitzsimmons will have met and decided the championship before the first Sabbath of November has dawned.

COTTON MILL MEN.

Improvement in Baling the Leading Theme at Yesterday's Session—A Cylindrical Bale Strongly Advocated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, Oct. 25.—The New England cotton manufacturers say that the method of packing cotton must be reformed. Improvement in baling was the leading theme at to-day's session of the manufacturers. Several able papers were read on the subject. W. E. Anderson, of Little Rock, Ark., advocated a cylindrical bale. A paper by President D. C. Ball, of the St. Louis Cotton Exchange, on the same subject, was read.

The cylindrical bale is coming into use in Texas, which leads in improved packing. The present method was pronounced by several speakers to be behind the time, crude and injurious to the strength of the fibre. Jerome Hill, of St. Louis, spoke on baling and compressing, endorsing the cylindrical bale and cotton ginners' compress system.

Mr. Edmunds declared that no one can question the South's great future in cotton manufacturing, but this, said he, does not necessarily involve a decrease in manufacturing by New England or Great Britain.

A party of fifty from the Association will go down to-morrow on a special train to Columbus, Ga., to see the new cotton mills there. The ladies from New England were given a reception this afternoon by Mrs. E. C. Peters and to-night the gentlemen were entertained at dinner by the Georgia Manufacturing Association.

All the messengers in the employ of the American Express Company have been furnished an outfit of Winchester rifles and revolvers, to resist train robbers The company also advises its men to become proficient in rifle and revolver practice and hints that in the near future prizes will be awarded to the most proficient marksmen.

The Virginia Military Institute defeated the Agricultural and Mechanical College of North Carolina in a football contest by 42 to 6 at Atlanta, Ga., yesterday.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SOUTHERN RAILWAYS.

Good Effect of the Formation of the Freight Association—Encouraging Outlook.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—President Sam Spencer, of the Southern Railway, said to-day: "The successful formation of the Southern States Freight Association and the putting of the agreement into practical operation, have had a steadying effect on rates and created confidence which has not existed in the South for two or three years. I now understand that the Florida Central & Peninsula railroad will at once become a member of the Association. It has not been a member for some years. This will bring into the Association the Florida lines of the Plant system, which have heretofore been outside of it on account of the non-membership of the Florida Central & Peninsula railroad. All this materially strengthens the Association and increases confidence. If rates are well maintained as now expected, the small cotton crop as compared with last year will not injuriously affect the earnings of Southern railways. This is particularly true of the lines east of the Mississippi. The large grain crops of the South and the good prices for cotton will give the farmer more money than last year. This will be the means of increasing the miscellaneous traffic. The revival of manufacturing industries promises also to far more than compensate for any possible shortage in cotton. This shortage has apparently been much exaggerated. All in all, the outlook for the Autumn and Winter railroads is encouraging."

FIRE IN AUGUSTA, GA.

A Lumber Mill and Forty-four Houses Burned—Several Hundred People Homeless—Loss $75,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

AUGUSTA, GA., Oct. 25.—One of the largest fires in the history of Augusta (so far as extent of territory) visited the city this afternoon. It started in the stables of the lumber and planing mill of Jesse Thompson & Co. and consumed this plant in a few minutes. It was located on the outskirts of the city and on one side was a great stretch of small frame houses. A very high wind was blowing in the direction of these houses, and great burning embers were carried high in the air, setting fire to houses two and three blocks away, while those much nearer temporarily escaped destruction. They were doomed, however, for the wind was so fierce and the neighborhood so inflammable that it was at no time under control of the fire department, and the fire was not extinguished until it had spent itself. The embers of forty-four houses are all that remain in the burned district, which stretches along several squares. Several hundred people are homeless. The total value of the property destroyed is fully $75,000, on which the insurance is only about $35,000 or $30,000.

THE SUFFRAGE PROBLEM

Under Consideration in South Carolina's Constitutional Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, October 25.—At last the Constitutional Convention has come to the great suffrage problem, and the debate has been opened on the article on the suffrage, submitted by Senator Tillman's committee. When the article had been read, at 1.30 p. m., ex-Congressman Miller, the colored member, took the floor and moved to strike out the whole thing. He then began an elaborate speech in behalf of the negroes. He made an able argument on his side and presented the claims of his race in a strong light.

After four days' debate the article on new counties and county government was adopted and clinched. The township government scheme was adopted in the following shape: "Each of the several townships of this State, with names and boundaries as now established by law, shall constitute a body, politic and corporate, but this shall not prevent the General Assembly from organizing other townships or changing the boundaries of those already established, and the General Assembly may provide such system of township government as they shall think proper."

WARM WIRELETS.

James Chambers (limited corporation) wholesale dealers in boots and shoes, New York city, went into the hands of a receiver yesterday. Liabilities $510,000; assets $428,000.

A Springfield, Ill., dispatch says that Senator Palmer has terminated his political career and will not be a candidate for re-election by the next General Assembly of Illinois.

W. N. Hudson, who killed an innocent bystander and seriously wounded another with a bullet fired at a fleeing burglar, at Atlanta, Ga., has been indicted for murder and is in jail. Hudson was a policeman.

George McCrary, a negro convicted of the murder of another negro in Meriwether county, Ga., was hanged for the crime at Greenville, Ga. The hanging was private but about 3,000 negroes were in Greenville.

Bishop Paret, of the Episcopal Diocese of Maryland, just returned from the Minneapolis Convention, is preparing to send out a call for the first convention of the new Episcopal Diocese of Washington, to elect a new Bishop.

Sheriff Barnes, of Atlanta, has increased his reward for the arrest of the condemned murderer Will Myers to $1,000. This makes the total reward outstanding $1,500. Many think that he is hid away in the city somewhere.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Here's a Whole Family.

Husband, Wife and Children Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.

The pre-eminence of Paine's celery compound over all other remedies could not be better illustrated than in the case of the Turney family, of St. Anthony, Iowa.

Mrs. Turney had recovered her health by the use of Paine's celery compound.

She had suffered from a variety of ills, all due to a nervous system improperly nourished.

As frequently happens the entire family, overcome perhaps by anxiety and care, began to feel "run down" and to suffer with the hardest disease in the world to diagnosis—the trouble they have when they say: "Doctor, I don't feel well."

The advice of their physicians to use Paine's celery compound, the one known remedy that restores lost nervous energy, creates an appetite, purifies the blood and builds up the strength of the entire system, was followed. Mrs. Turney, in a letter to Wells & Richardson Co., who prepare the remedy, soon wrote as follows:

"My husband and three children were as greatly benefited by the use of Paine's celery compound as I was after an unusually hard seige of the grip, with variations of the disease. We regard the compound as a most remarkable remedy."

As the winter comes on many people will begin to suffer from debility, and lack of rallying powers after a slight chill or cold.

Their real trouble is a run-down condition of the nerves and blood, and Paine's celery compound, as in the case of Mrs. Turney and her family, will make them well again.

Rheumatism and neuralgia, too, grow more dangerous and more painful with cold weather.

This increased pain points to increased activity of these disorders.

There is positive danger in allowing the system to meet the perils of winter handicapped by rheumatism and neuralgia, or any disease that comes from poor blood and bad nerves.

There is the same certainty of getting rid of these two diseases that there is of a complete recovery from sleeplessness, nervous weakness, hysteria, or any other result of impoverished nerves and blood. Physicians to-day get rid of rheumatism and neuralgia as they do sleeplessness, melancholia and nervous dyspepsia by building up the system and supporting its delicate nerve parts with Paine's celery compound.

Paine's celery compound restores vitality to tired nerves; it feeds every tissue of the body when unusual waste has reduced the weight and strength of the body, as is frequently the case at the close of the heated season. It gives new appetite, and keeps every part of the body, nerves and blood so well nourished that the nervous, exhausted, tired, "run down" feeling from worry and hard work soon disappears. Try it.

FREIGHT TRAIN BURNED.

Two Train Men Injured—Believed to be the Work of Incendiaries.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 25.—Fourteen cars of a South-bound local freight train on the Florida Central & Peninsula Railroad went through a burning trestle between Savannah junction and Savannah river at midnight last night and were burned with the trestle. The train consisted of twenty-five cars. The engine and part of the train ran over the trestle before it was seen that it was on fire. The middle of the train went down in a heap, filling the narrow ravine beneath the trestle and burned with it. No one was killed. Two trainmen were slightly injured. The railroad officials believe that the fire was the work of incendiaries and detectives were put on the case at once.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Lost—Part of a gold medal with the inscription "half mile" across the base. Lost either between Springer's coal yard and Dingelhoef's Jewelry Store or between the coal yard and Chas. M. Whitlock's. Finder will be rewarded by applying at the STAR office. oct 26 tf

Crackers and Cakes, wholesale and retail. Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Kerosene Oil, all at lowest prices. Cutter Tobacco I keep always on hand. The people who have used it don't want any other. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Have you seen our "Cinderella Franklin?" Handsomest Stove in the city. "Farmer" and "Farmer Girl" Cook Stoves. Furnace and Stoves repaired and put up. Jas. H Taylor, 23 South Front street. oct 25 2*

For Sale—Two-story residence near Third street, for something less than $3,000. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 24 1w

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $1.00 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. oct 22 tf

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 3 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N C

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

New Catch MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets

sep 6 D&W tf

JOHNSON & FORE.

We have made extensive preparations for the approaching season, and with the present glorious prospects we expect to do a

Tremendous Fall Trade.

Remember, we are headquarters for High Class Novelties in

DRESS GOODS AND MILLINERY.

Black Goods will be used more this Fall and Winter than ever before, and we are confident we can show the most elegant assortment and best selected stock in the State.

Our stock of

Imported Fancy Dress Patterns

are "just lovely;" at least that is the remark we so frequently hear from the ladies.

100 Dozen Kid Gloves

for Ladies, Gents and Misses, in Black and White and all the fashionable Fall Shades. We have made up our mind to do the KID GLOVE BUSINESS of the city, and we have the stock to do it with.

Have a complete stock of Dr. Jaeger's celebrated Sanitary Woollen Underwear in all the different grades for Gents, Ladies and Children.

Agents for Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 15 tf

For Sale!

DryGoods

—AND—

GENT'S

Furnishing Goods

BUSINESS, STORE, FIXTURES, &c.,

including good will of stand.

Store situated on the northeast corner of Front and Market street.

For particulars apply in person or address P. O. Box 299. oct 13 tf

YOU!

We Are Talking to You!

You have probably noticed our untiring efforts to gain your trade. Considering the large number of customers which we have managed to draw our way, we might, possibly, worry along without you. But we WANT YOUR TRADE. We are "rounding up" some contracts made months ago, for certain

SHOES

Which we managed by a "close rub" to get at old prices. True, we are paying the Full Rise on some grades, because we can't get them from manufacturers without doing so. But believing our section ill-prepared to pay the full advance, we are trying to equalize things by Dividing Our Advantages with our patrons, whom we cordially thank for past favors, and ask (also the public in general) to continue to call on us for Bargains in all kinds of Foot Wear.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

oct 13 tf Successors to H. C. Evans, 115 Princess St

Mullets.

100 Barrels September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures,

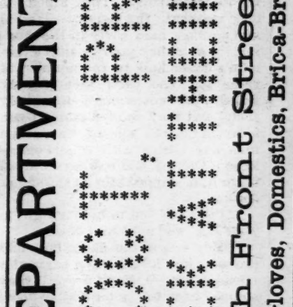
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

No. 9 North Front Street.

Dress Goods, Silks, Wraps, Corsets, Gloves, Domestics, Bric-a-Brac, Carpets, Rugs, Shades.



1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

jnly W tf

Freesias, Crocusses,

Tulips, Easter Lilies (plant now for Easter), Chinese Sacred Lily,

Roman and Dutch Hyacinths.

We have a very limited stock, and they cannot be duplicated. So if you do not wish to be disappointed order now.

JAS. D. NUTT.

oct 25 tf The Druggist.

STOP LYING

Awake at night thinking about how and where you can spend your hard-earned money to the best advantage. You want the best possible values obtainable when purchasing a thing for wear. It is more than right that you should have what you want. To get the best values in Wilmington go to

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets,

Where prices on all seasonable goods are several notches lower than the water in Cape Fear river. The stock embraces

Men's, Boy's, Youths' and Children's

CLOTHING.

Woollen, Merino and Cotton

UNDERWEAR,

In fact a complete assortment of

Gent's Furnishings.

Se our Merchant Tailoring Department. The finest goods, best workmanship, cheaper than ever.

A. DAVID & CO.

oct 13 tf

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,

PERCALE SHIRTS,

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,

NOBBY NECKWEAR,

DRESS GLOVES,

SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices, Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

R. R. P. OATS.

1,000 Bushels R. P. Oats at low prices.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,

226 North Water Street,

oct 20 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.